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# **Efficient Mode Superposition Methods for Non-Classically Damped Systems**

# **Efficient Mode Superposition Methods for Non-Classically Damped Systems**

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**by**

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## **ABSTRACT**

This thesis is on the improved mode superposition methods for non-classically damped systems by considering the truncated high modes. Generally, the mode superposition methods use a relatively small subset of the modes of the structures. The mode acceleration and the modal truncation augmentation methods improve the results of the mode superposition method by considering effect of the truncated high modes. For using these methods to non-classically damped systems, the non-classically damped systems are approximated to the classically damped systems. The errors are induced by these approximations.

In this paper, therefore, the mode acceleration and the modal truncation augmentation methods are expanded to analyze the non-classically damped systems. The applicability of expansion is verified by closed form solutions and numerical examples. Two numerical examples are carried out. In the first example, the responses of cantilever beam due to the earthquake loading and the step loading are evaluated respectively and the results of each method are compared. In the second example, to show the characteristics of the expanded modal truncation augmentation method, the responses of ten-story building by each method are compared. The expanded methods are found to be superior to the simple mode displacement methods.

The expanded modal truncation augmentation method is conditionally stable in the non-classically damped systems, depending on the pattern of the external loading whereas

the expanded mode acceleration method is stable for the all cases of loading in the non-classically damped systems. When the expanded modal augmentation method is used to non-classically damped systems, the results are the same with that of the expanded mode acceleration method. To stably analyze the non-classically damped systems, it is better to use the expanded mode acceleration method.

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# 1

## 1.1

가

가

가

가

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,

,

가

가 (MA : Mode Acceleration Method)

(MT :Modal Truncation Augmentation Method)

MA Williams Bisplinghoff Ashley<sup>[1]</sup>  
 가 . Hurty Rubenstein<sup>[2]</sup>  
 MA , Hansteen Bell<sup>[3]</sup> MA  
 (Mode Displacement Method, MD ) . MT  
 Wilson Itoh<sup>[4]</sup> . Guyan<sup>[5]</sup>  
 MT , Dickens<sup>[6]</sup>  
 MT .

1.2

MA MT

[7]

가

MA MT

1.3

MA

MT

MA

MT

MA

MT

Step Loading

MT

10

Shear Building

MA

## 2

## 2.1

[9],[15],[16]

(2-1)

$$\mathbf{M}\ddot{\mathbf{u}} + \mathbf{C}\dot{\mathbf{u}} + \mathbf{K}\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{f}(t) \quad (2-1)$$

$\mathbf{M}$  (mass matrix)  $\mathbf{C}$  (damping matrix),  
 $\mathbf{K}$  (stiffness matrix)  $\mathbf{u}$   $\mathbf{f}$   
 가

(2-1)

$$\mathbf{K}\mathbf{f} = \mathbf{I}\mathbf{M}\mathbf{f} \quad (2-2)$$

$\mathbf{f}$  ,  $\mathbf{I}$   $w_i^2$   
 가 n , n 가  
 (mass normalization)

$$\mathbf{f}_i^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{f}_i = \mathbf{1} \quad i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n \quad (2-3)$$

(orthogonality)

(2-1) n (uncoupled)

(2-4) (2-5)

$$f_i^T \mathbf{M} f_j = d_{ij} \quad i, j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n \quad (2-4)$$

$$f_i^T \mathbf{K} f_j = w_i^2 d_{ij} \quad i, j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n \quad (2-5)$$

$d_{ij}$  Kronecker delta .

$$\mathbf{F}^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{F} = \mathbf{I} \quad (2-6)$$

$$\mathbf{F}^T \mathbf{K} \mathbf{F} = \mathbf{L} \quad (2-7)$$

$$\mathbf{I} \quad n \quad \mathbf{F} \quad n \quad \mathbf{L}$$

$$\mathbf{F} = [f_1 \ f_2 \ \dots \ f_n] \quad (2-8)$$

$$\mathbf{L} = \begin{matrix} \hat{e} & & & & \hat{u} \\ \hat{e} & l_1 & & & \hat{u} \\ \hat{e} & & l_2 & & \hat{u} \\ \hat{e} & & & \ddots & \hat{u} \\ \hat{e} & & & & l_n \hat{u} \\ \hat{e} & & & & \hat{u} \end{matrix} \quad (2-9)$$

(2-8)

$$\mathbf{u}(t) = \mathbf{F} \mathbf{q}(t) \quad (2-10)$$

(2-1)

(2-11)

$$\ddot{\mathbf{q}}_i + 2b w_i \dot{\mathbf{q}}_i + w_i^2 \mathbf{q}_i = f_i^T \mathbf{f}(t) \quad (2-11)$$

$$f_i \quad i \quad , \quad b \quad , \quad w_i \quad i \quad (2-10)$$

(real space)

(2-12)

(mode superposition method)



$$\mathbf{R}_0 \quad \mathbf{f}(t) \quad \text{(spatial portion)} \quad \mathbf{r}(t) \quad \text{(time dependent portion)} \quad \text{(2-12)}$$

$$(2-13) \quad \text{MA}$$

(2-14)

$$\mathbf{u}(t) = \mathbf{K}^{-1} \mathbf{R}_0 \mathbf{r}(t) - \mathbf{K}^{-1} \mathbf{M} \sum_{i=1}^m \dot{\mathbf{a}}_i \mathbf{f}_i \ddot{\mathbf{q}}_i(t) - \mathbf{K}^{-1} \mathbf{C} \sum_{i=1}^m \dot{\mathbf{a}}_i \mathbf{f}_i \dot{\mathbf{q}}_i(t) \quad \text{(2-14)}$$

2.3 (Modal Truncation Augmentation Method) <sup>[6],[8],[10]</sup>

MT 가 ‘ , MT  
 . MT 가 (orthogonal)

$$(2-15)$$

, (2-16)

$$\mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{P} = \mathbf{I} \quad \mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{K} \mathbf{P} = \mathbf{W}_p^2 \quad \text{(2-15)}$$

$$\mathbf{K} \mathbf{P}^{-1} \mathbf{W}_p^2 \mathbf{M} \mathbf{P} \quad \text{(2-16)}$$

$\mathbf{P}$  MT  $\mathbf{W}_p$  MT  $\mathbf{P}$  **Rayleigh-Ritz**  
 MT  $\mathbf{R}_t$  (force truncation vector) **Ritz**

Rayleigh-Ritz approximation

$\mathbf{R}_t$

$$\mathbf{R}_t = \mathbf{R}_0 - \mathbf{R}_s \quad \text{(2-17)}$$

$\mathbf{R}_0$   $\mathbf{f}(t)$  (spatial portion)  
 ,  $\mathbf{R}_s$  (spatial load vector)  $\mathbf{u}$  (2-18)



$$\mathbf{Ku} = \mathbf{R}_0 \quad (2-18)$$

$$(2-18) \quad \mathbf{u} = \mathbf{F}\mathbf{q}$$

(2-19)

$$f_i^T \mathbf{K} f_i q_i = f_i^T \mathbf{R}_0 \quad (2-19)$$

(2-19) (2-20)

$$w_i^2 q_i = f_i^T \mathbf{R}_0 \quad (2-20)$$

$$\mathbf{R}_s \quad (2-21) \quad (2-22)$$

$$\mathbf{R}_s = \mathbf{K} f_i q_i = \mathbf{M} f_i w_i^2 q_i \quad (2-21)$$

$$\mathbf{R}_s = \mathbf{M} f_i f_i^T \mathbf{R}_0 \quad (2-22)$$

MT (2-23)

$$\mathbf{X} \quad \mathbf{R}_t \quad (2-22) \quad (2-17)$$

$$\mathbf{KX} = \mathbf{R}_t \quad (2-23)$$

(2-24) (2-25)

$$\bar{\mathbf{K}} = \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{KX} \quad (2-24)$$

$$\bar{\mathbf{M}} = \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{MX} \quad (2-25)$$

(2-26)

$$\bar{\mathbf{K}}\mathbf{Q} = \bar{\mathbf{M}}\mathbf{Q}\bar{w}_p^2 \quad (2-26)$$

MT P

$$\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{XQ} \quad (2-27)$$

MT

MT

가 (2-28)

,  $\bar{\mathbf{F}}$

$$\bar{\mathbf{F}} = [\mathbf{F} \quad \mathbf{P}] \quad (2-28)$$

$\mathbf{F}$  ,  $\mathbf{P}$  MT .  
MT

$$\mathbf{u}(t) = \bar{\mathbf{F}} \mathbf{q}(t) \quad (2-29)$$

2.4 가 [8]

(2-1)

$$\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{u}_s + \mathbf{u}_t \quad (2-30)$$

$\mathbf{u}_s$  ,  $\mathbf{u}_t$   
(2-30) (2-17) (2-1)

$$\mathbf{M} \ddot{\mathbf{u}}_s + \mathbf{C} \dot{\mathbf{u}}_s + \mathbf{K} \mathbf{u}_s + \mathbf{M} \ddot{\mathbf{u}}_t + \mathbf{C} \dot{\mathbf{u}}_t + \mathbf{K} \mathbf{u}_t = \{\mathbf{R}_s + \mathbf{R}_t\} \mathbf{r}(t) \quad (2-31)$$

$$(2-32) \quad \mathbf{u}_s$$

$$\mathbf{M} \ddot{\mathbf{u}}_s + \mathbf{C} \dot{\mathbf{u}}_s + \mathbf{K} \mathbf{u}_s = \mathbf{R}_s \mathbf{r}(t) \quad (2-32)$$

(2-31) (2-32) (2-33)

$$\mathbf{M} \ddot{\mathbf{u}}_t + \mathbf{C} \dot{\mathbf{u}}_t + \mathbf{K} \mathbf{u}_t = \mathbf{R}_t \mathbf{r}(t) \quad (2-33)$$

(2-33) MA MT

가 , (2-33)

$\mathbf{u}_t$

MA  $\mathbf{u}_{ma}$  ,  $\mathbf{u}_{ma}$  (2-30)

$$\mathbf{u}_{mi} = \mathbf{u}_s + \mathbf{u}_{t_{ma}} \quad (2-34)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{u}_s \quad (2-17) \quad (2-34) \quad (2-14) \quad \mathbf{u}_{t_{ma}} \quad (2-32) \quad \text{MA} \\ & \mathbf{u}_{t_{ma}} \quad \mathbf{u}_{t_{ma}} \\ & \mathbf{K} \mathbf{u}_{t_{ma}} = \mathbf{R}_t \mathbf{r}(t) \quad (2-35) \end{aligned}$$

(2-35)

$$\mathbf{u}_{t_{ma}} = \mathbf{K}^{-1}(\mathbf{R}_0 - \mathbf{R}_s) \mathbf{r}(t) \quad (2-36)$$

$$= \mathbf{K}^{-1}(1 - \mathbf{M} \mathbf{f}_i \mathbf{f}_i^T) \mathbf{R}_0 \mathbf{r}(t)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{MT} \quad \mathbf{u}_{t_{mt}} \quad \text{MA} \\ & \mathbf{u}_{mt} = \mathbf{u}_s + \mathbf{u}_{t_{mt}} \quad (2-37) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2.3 \quad \mathbf{u}_{t_{mt}} \quad (2-38) \\ & \mathbf{u}_{mt} = \mathbf{P} \mathbf{q}_p(t) \quad (2-38) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (2-38) \quad (2-33) \\ & \mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{P} \ddot{\mathbf{q}}_p + \mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{C} \mathbf{P} \dot{\mathbf{q}}_p + \mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{K} \mathbf{P} \mathbf{q}_p = \mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{R}_t \mathbf{r}(t) \quad (2-39) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (2-39) \quad \mathbf{q}_p(t) \quad (2-38) \quad \text{MT} \\ & \mathbf{u}_{t_{mt}} \quad \mathbf{u}_s \quad (2-30), \quad (2-34) \quad (2-37) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{u}_t \quad \mathbf{u}_{t_{ma}} \quad \mathbf{u}_{t_{mt}} \quad \text{MA} \quad \text{MT} \\ & \mathbf{u}_t \quad (2-35) \quad \text{MA} \end{aligned}$$

$$(2-36)$$

MT (2-39)

. MT 가 0 ,

MA . MT **P**가 2.3

, MA **K**<sup>-1</sup>**R**<sub>t</sub> 가

. MA MT .

## 3

## 3.1

[9], [12]

$$\mathbf{M}\ddot{\mathbf{u}} + \mathbf{C}\dot{\mathbf{u}} + \mathbf{K}\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{f}(t) \quad (3-1)$$

$\mathbf{M}$  (mass matrix)  $\mathbf{C}$  (damping matrix),  
 $\mathbf{K}$  (stiffness matrix)  $\mathbf{u}$   $\mathbf{f}(t)$

가  $\mathbf{C}$  (3-2)

(Rayleigh Damping)

$$\mathbf{C} = a_0\mathbf{M} + a_1\mathbf{K} \quad (3-2)$$

$a_0$   $a_1$ ,  $\mathbf{M}$   $\mathbf{K}$   $a_0$   $a_1$

(3-2)  $\mathbf{M}$   $\mathbf{K}$

(3-3) (3-4)

(3-5)

$$\mathbf{f}_i^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{f}_j = d_{ij} \quad i, j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n \quad (3-3)$$

$$\mathbf{f}_i^T \mathbf{K} \mathbf{f}_j = w_i^2 d_{ij} \quad i, j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n \quad (3-4)$$

$$\mathbf{f}_i^T \mathbf{C} \mathbf{f}_j = (a_0 + w_i^2 a_1) d_{ij} \quad i, j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n \quad (3-5)$$

$\mathbf{C}$  가 , (3-5)

n

(uncoupled)

(3-2)

(non-diagonal element)

가  $\mathbf{C}$ 

n

C

가

가

3.2

[11],[12],[14]

(non-diagonal element)

n

, (3-6) 2n

2 (2-1) (3-6)

$$\mathbf{B}\dot{\mathbf{y}}(t) - \mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}(t) = \mathbf{F}_0 r(t) \tag{3-6}$$

**B** **A** **M, C, K** , **y(t)**

**F**<sub>0</sub> zero **r(t)**

(3-7)

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{e} \mathbf{C} & \mathbf{M} \dot{\hat{u}} \\ \hat{e} \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{0} \dot{\hat{u}} \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{e} - \mathbf{K} & \mathbf{0} \dot{\hat{u}} \\ \hat{e} & \mathbf{0} \mathbf{M} \dot{\hat{u}} \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{y}(t) = \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{u}(t) \\ \dot{\mathbf{u}}(t) \end{Bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{F}_0 = \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{R}_0 \\ \mathbf{0} \end{Bmatrix} \tag{3-7}$$

(3-7) **B** **A** 2n×2n

가 zero

n×1

, **0**

**R**<sub>0</sub>

**y(t)** **F**<sub>0</sub> 2n×1

(3-6)

(3-6)

$$\mathbf{A} \mathbf{y}_i = s_i \mathbf{B} \mathbf{y}_i \tag{3-8}$$

$\mathbf{Y}_i$   $s_i$  , (3-9)  
 (complex conjugate pair)

$$s_i = -x_i W_i \pm i W_{Di} \quad \mathbf{y}_i = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{f}_i \\ s_i \hat{f}_i \end{bmatrix} \tag{3-9}$$

$$W_i = |s_i|, \quad x_i = -\text{real}(s_i)/|s_i|, \quad W_{Di} = W_i \sqrt{1 - x_i^2}, \quad \mathbf{y}_i$$

$$\begin{matrix} 2n \times 1 & n \times 1 & \hat{f}_i & n \times 1 & s_i \hat{f}_i \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & & \uparrow & \\ 2n & 2n & & 2n & \\ \mathbf{Y}_i & & & & \mathbf{B} \end{matrix} \tag{3-10}$$

(normalization)

$$\mathbf{y}_i^T \mathbf{B} \mathbf{y}_i = \mathbf{1} \quad i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, 2n \tag{3-10}$$

$\mathbf{y}_i$   $\mathbf{A}$   $\mathbf{B}$   
 $\mathbf{y}(t)$  (3-11)

$$\mathbf{y}(t) = \mathbf{Y} \mathbf{z}(t) \tag{3-11}$$

$\mathbf{y}_i$  (3-6) (3-12)  
 (uncoupled)  $2n$

$$\dot{z}_i - s_i z_i = \mathbf{Y}_i^T \mathbf{F}_0 r(t) \tag{3-12}$$

(3-12)  $z_i$  (3-11) (3-13)

$$\mathbf{y}(t) = \mathbf{Y} \mathbf{z}(t) = \sum_{i=1}^{2q} \mathbf{y}_i \mathbf{z}_i(t) \quad (q \ll n) \quad (3-13)$$

$\mathbf{y}(t)$       n      (3-9)

가      .      (3-13)      2q

(3-13)      ,       $\mathbf{y}(t)$

$$\mathbf{y}(t) = 2 \times \text{real} \left( \sum_{i=1}^q \mathbf{y}_i \mathbf{z}_i(t) \right) \quad (q \ll n) \quad (3-14)$$

### 3.3 가 (Modal Acceleration Method)

MA

MA      .      n

2n

MA

MA      (3-6)

$$\mathbf{y}(t) = \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{B} \dot{\mathbf{y}}(t) - \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{F}(t) \quad (3-15)$$

(3-12)

(3-15)

MA

$$\mathbf{y}(t) = 2\mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{B} \times \text{real} \left( \sum_{i=1}^q \mathbf{y}_i \dot{\mathbf{z}}_i \right) - \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{F}(t) \quad (q \ll n) \quad (3-16)$$

(3-16)

MA

MA

MT

$\mathbf{y}_{ma}(t)$

(3-17)



$$\mathbf{y}_{ma} = \mathbf{y}_s + \mathbf{y}_{t_{ma}} \quad (3-17)$$

$\mathbf{y}_s$

,  $\mathbf{y}_{t_{ma}}$

MA

$$(3-18) \quad \mathbf{y}_s(t)$$

$$\mathbf{B}\dot{\mathbf{y}}_s(t) - \mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}_s(t) = \hat{\mathbf{R}}_s r(t) \quad (3-18)$$

$$(3-18) \quad \hat{\mathbf{R}}_s \quad 2.2$$

$\mathbf{R}_s$

$$\mathbf{y} \quad (3-19)$$

$$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{F}_0 \quad (3-19)$$

$$(3-19) \quad \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{Y}\mathbf{z}$$

$$(3-20)$$

$$\mathbf{y}_i^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{y}_i z_i = \mathbf{y}_i^T \mathbf{F}_0 \quad (3-20)$$

$$(3-20)$$

$$s_i z_i = \mathbf{y}_i^T \mathbf{F}_0 \quad (3-21)$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{R}}_s \quad (3-22) \quad (3-23)$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{R}}_s = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{y}_i z_i = \mathbf{B} \mathbf{y}_i s_i z_i \quad (3-22)$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{R}}_s = \mathbf{B} \mathbf{y}_i \mathbf{y}_i^T \mathbf{F}_0 \quad (3-23)$$

$$(3-23)$$

$\hat{\mathbf{R}}_s$

$\mathbf{R}_s$

$\hat{\mathbf{R}}_s$  가

$$\hat{\mathbf{R}}_s = \mathbf{B}[\mathbf{y}_i \bar{\mathbf{y}}_i][\mathbf{y}_i \bar{\mathbf{y}}_i]^T \mathbf{F}_0 \quad (3-24)$$

$$\bar{\mathbf{y}}_i \quad \mathbf{y}_i \quad (3-18)$$

$$(3-24)$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{R}}_s$$

$$\mathbf{y}_s(t)$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{R}}_t \quad (3-25)$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{R}}_t = \mathbf{F}_0 - \hat{\mathbf{R}}_s \quad (3-25)$$

MA

$$\mathbf{y}_{t_{ma}}(t) \quad (3-25)$$

$$(3-16), \quad (3-17)$$

$$(3-18)$$

$$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}_{t_{ma}} = -\hat{\mathbf{R}}_t \mathbf{r}(t) \quad (3-26)$$

MA

### 3.4 (Modal Truncation Augmentation Method)

MT

$$\mathbf{P}$$

MT

n×1

MT

2n×1

가

MT

$$\mathbf{P} \quad (3-27) \quad (3-28)$$

$$\mathbf{A}\bar{\mathbf{P}} = \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t \quad (3-27)$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{1}{\mathbf{a}} \bar{\mathbf{P}} \quad (3-28)$$

$$\mathbf{a} = (\bar{\mathbf{P}}^T \mathbf{B} \bar{\mathbf{P}})^{1/2}$$

. P

2n×1

MT

$\mathbf{y}_{mt}$

,  $\mathbf{y}_{mt}$

$$\mathbf{y}_{mt} = \mathbf{y}_s + \mathbf{y}_{t_{mi}} \quad (3-29)$$

$$\mathbf{y}(t) = \mathbf{y}_s + \mathbf{y}_t \quad (3-30)$$

$$\mathbf{B} \dot{\mathbf{y}}_t(t) - \mathbf{A} \mathbf{y}_t(t) = \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t r(t) \quad (3-30)$$

$$\mathbf{y}_{t_{mi}} \quad (3-28) \quad \text{MT}$$

$$\mathbf{y}_{t_{mi}} = \mathbf{P} z_p(t) \quad (3-31)$$

$$(3-31) \quad (3-30)$$

$$\mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{B} \mathbf{P} \dot{z}_p(t) - \mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P} z_p(t) = \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t r(t) \quad (3-32)$$

$$\text{MT} \quad \mathbf{P} \quad \mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{B} \quad (\text{orthogonal}) \quad (3-33)$$

$$\mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{B} \mathbf{P} = \mathbf{I} \quad \mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P} = s_p \quad (3-33)$$

$$(3-33) \quad (3-32)$$

$$\dot{z}_p(t) - s_p z_p(t) = \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t r(t) \quad (3-34)$$

$$(3-34) \quad z_p(t) \quad (3-31)$$

MT

$$(3-34) \quad (3-35)$$

$$y' + f(t)y = r(t) \quad (3-35)$$

$$(3-35) \quad (3-36)$$

$$y = e^{-h} \left[ \int e^h r dt + c \right] \quad (3-36)$$

$$h = \int f(t) dt$$

(3-35)  $f(t)$  가  $r(t)$  가  
 ,  $(3-35)$  가 가 .

$$y' + ay = b \sin(\omega t) \tag{3-37}$$

$$y' + ay = b \cos(\omega t) \tag{3-38}$$

$(3-37)$   $(3-38)$   $y(0) = 0$

Closed Form

$$y(t) = \frac{b}{a^2 + \omega^2} (a \sin(\omega t) - \omega \cos(\omega t) + \omega e^{-at}) \tag{3-39}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{b}{a^2 + \omega^2} (\omega \sin(\omega t) + a \cos(\omega t) + a e^{-at}) \tag{3-40}$$

(3-39) (3-40) 가  $a$  가  
 0  $(3-41)$  .

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{-at} = 0, \quad a > 0 \tag{3-41}$$

$$(3-37) \quad (3-38) \quad (3-34) \quad -s_p = a \quad \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t = b$$

$$r(t) = \sin(\omega t), \quad r(t) = \cos(\omega t) \tag{3-36}$$

가

$$s_p < 0 \tag{3-42}$$

$s_p$  (3-33) (3-42) , .

$$\mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P} < 0 \tag{3-43}$$

(3-27) (3-28) MT  $\mathbf{P}$  가 (3-43)

, MT

$\mathbf{y}_{t_{mt}}$

MT

(3-43)

MT  $\mathbf{P}$

(3-39)

(3-40)

(3-39)

(3-

40)  $a = -s_p = -\mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P}$   $b = \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t$   $\mathbf{w}$

$\mathbf{A}$

2N

$\mathbf{w}$

가

가 (rad/sec)

rad/sec

$a$  가

$\mathbf{w}$

$$|a| \gg \mathbf{w}$$

(3-44)

(3-39)

(3-40)

$$y(t) = \frac{b}{a^2 + \mathbf{w}^2} (a \sin(\mathbf{w}t) - \mathbf{w} \cos(\mathbf{w}t) + \mathbf{w} e^{-at}) \tag{3-45}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{b}{a^2 + \mathbf{w}^2} (\mathbf{w} \sin(\mathbf{w}t) + a \cos(\mathbf{w}t) + a e^{-at}) \tag{3-46}$$

sine

(3-47)

$$y(t) = \frac{ba}{a^2 + \mathbf{w}^2} \sin(\mathbf{w}t) \tag{3-47}$$

cosien

(3-48)

$$y(t) = \frac{ba}{a^2 + \mathbf{w}^2} \cos(\mathbf{w}t) \tag{3-48}$$

$$(3-34) \quad \text{sine} \quad \text{cosien} \quad z_p(t)$$

$$z_p(t) = \frac{-s_p \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t}{s_p^2 + \mathbf{w}^2} \sin(\mathbf{w}t) \quad (3-49)$$

$$z_p(t) = \frac{-s_p \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t}{s_p^2 + \mathbf{w}^2} \cos(\mathbf{w}t) \quad (3-50)$$

$$\mathbf{y}_{t_{mi}} = \mathbf{P} z_p(t) \quad , \quad \text{sine}$$

$\mathbf{y}_{t_{mi}}$

$$\mathbf{y}_{t_{mi}} = \mathbf{P} z_p(t) = \mathbf{P} \frac{-s_p \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t}{s_p^2 + \mathbf{w}^2} \sin(\mathbf{w}t) \quad (3-51)$$

$$\text{MT} \quad \mathbf{P} \quad (3-27) \quad (3-28)$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{1}{\mathbf{a}} \mathbf{A}^{-1} \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t \quad (3-52)$$

(3-51)

$$\mathbf{y}_{t_{mi}} = -\frac{s_p \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t}{\mathbf{a}(s_p^2 + \mathbf{w}^2)} \mathbf{A}^{-1} \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t \sin(\mathbf{w}t) \quad (3-53)$$

$$(3-26) \quad \text{MA} \quad \mathbf{y}_{t_{ma}}(t)$$

$$\mathbf{y}_{t_{ma}} = -\mathbf{A}^{-1} \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t \mathbf{r}(t) \quad (3-54)$$

$$(3-53) \quad (3-54) \quad \text{MA} \quad , \quad (3-53)$$

MA

$$\frac{s_p \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t}{\mathbf{a}(s_p^2 + \mathbf{w}^2)} \approx 1 \quad (3-55)$$

$$(3-55) \quad (3-55)$$

$$s_p \quad (3-44)$$

$$\frac{s_p \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t}{\mathbf{a}(s_p^2 + \mathbf{w}^2)} \approx \frac{\mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t}{\mathbf{a} s_p} \tag{3-56}$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{R}}_t = \mathbf{a} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P} \quad , \quad s_p = \mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P} \tag{3-56}$$

$$\frac{s_p \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t}{\mathbf{a}(s_p^2 + \mathbf{w}^2)} \approx \frac{\mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t}{\mathbf{a} s_p} = \frac{\mathbf{a} \mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P}}{\mathbf{a} \mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P}} = 1 \tag{3-57}$$

(3-43) MT (3-57) (3-58)

(3-54) MA

$$\mathbf{y}_{t_{mi}} = -\frac{s_p \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t}{\mathbf{a}(s_p^2 + \mathbf{w}^2)} \mathbf{A}^{-1} \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t \sin(\mathbf{w}t) \approx -\mathbf{A}^{-1} \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t \sin(\mathbf{w}t) \tag{3-58}$$

*cosien*

$\mathbf{y}_{t_{mi}}$

$$\mathbf{y}_{t_{mi}} = -\frac{s_p \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t}{s_p^2 + \mathbf{w}^2} \mathbf{A}^{-1} \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t \cos(\mathbf{w}t) \tag{3-59}$$

(3-59) (3-26) MA ,  $\frac{s_p \mathbf{P}^T \hat{\mathbf{R}}_t}{s_p^2 + \mathbf{w}^2} \approx 1$  MA

, MT  $s_p$

가 , MT MA

*sine cosine*

*sine cosine*

MA MT

MA MT

MA MT

4 MA MT

가 .  $S_p$  MT  
 , MA  
 .



## 4

MA MT

3

MA MT

Step Loading

$$Y : \frac{MOMENT (of mode superposition)}{MOMENT (of direct integration)} \text{ or } \frac{SHEAR (of mode superposition)}{SHEAR (of direct integration)}$$

X : Node Number

MT

, MT

가

MT

가

,

가 MA

가

4.1 가 ( )

가 4.1

MA MT

4.1 10

가

( ) 가 , 20

4.5 , 4.1

가

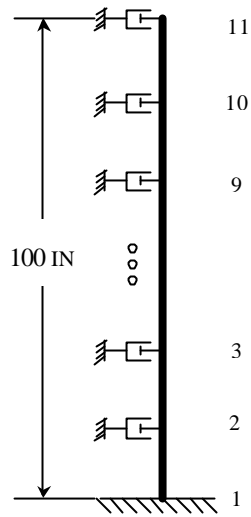
4.2 가 , (complex conjugate pair)

EI

Centro N00W . El Centro (0.348g)

가 1~4Hz 1.5Hz

가



$E = 3.0 \times 10^7 \text{ PSI}$

$L = 100 \text{ IN}$

$A = 4 \text{ IN}^2$

$C = 0.1 \text{ LB} \times \text{Sec} / \text{IN}$

$I = 1.25 \text{ IN}^4$

$r = 7.41 \times 10^{-4} \text{ LB} / \text{IN}^3$

10 BEAM ELEMENTS

4.1

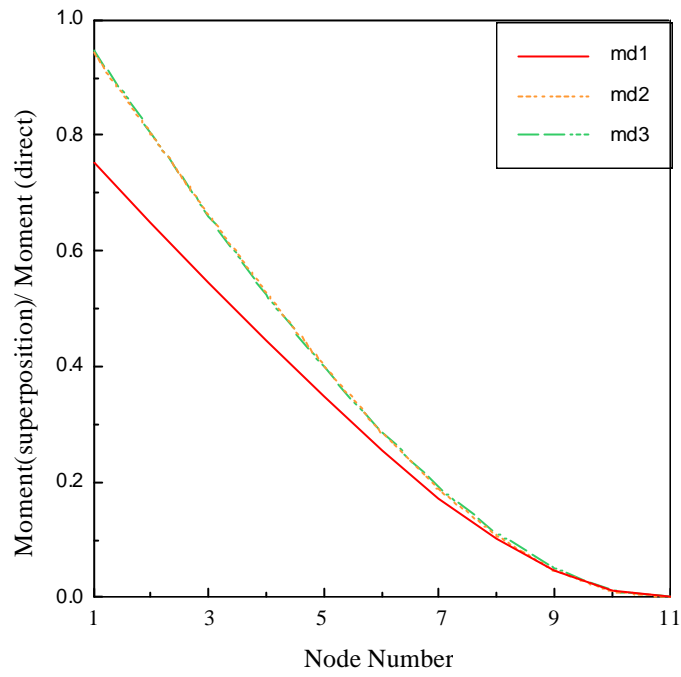
## 4.1

Mode Number	Eigenvalues
1	$-4.43482 - 39.29620i$
2	$-4.43482 + 39.29620i$
3	$-88.4454 - 231.3995i$
4	$-88.4454 + 231.3995i$
5	$-677.3535 - 147.892i$
6	$-677.3535 + 147.892i$

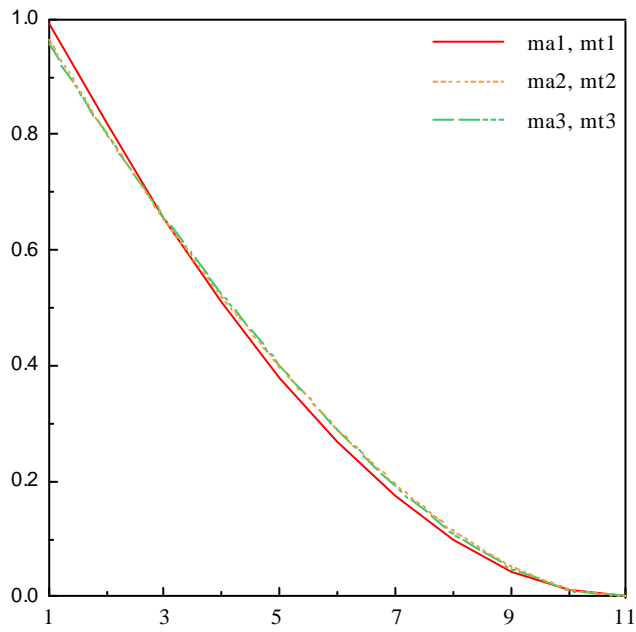
4.6, 4.7, 4.8

4.9 . Y  
, X . **md1** MA  
, (mode superposition method :  
MD ) , **md2** 가  
, **md3** 가 . **ma1**  
MA **ma2**  
, **ma3** MA  
**mt1** MT  
**mt2** , **mt3** MT  
. 4.3 4.5 , MA MT 가  
. 3 MT (3-43) MA  
가  
. 4.2 4.3

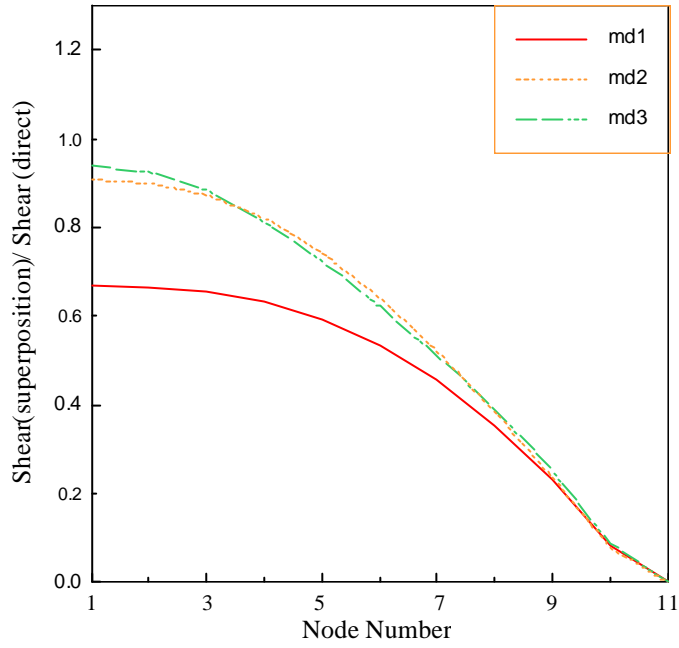
. 4.2 MD 4.3 MA MT  
 . MA MT  
 가 .  
 4.4 4.5  
 . 4.4 MD 4.5  
 MA MT .  
 MA MT  
 , 가  
 MA MT  
 . MT MA .



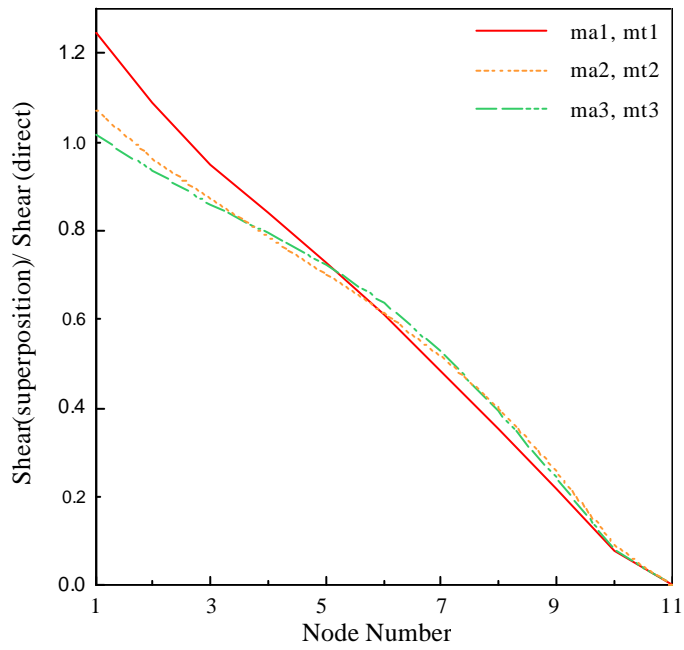
4.2 MD



4.3 MA MT



4.4 MD



4.5 MA MT

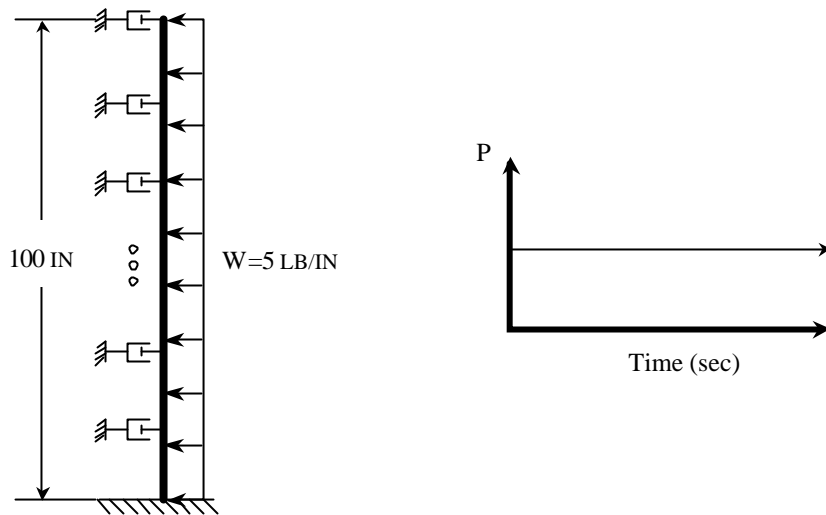
4.2 가 (Step Loading)

4.6 , 10 가 ,

20 . 4.5 , 4.1 Step Loading

4.10 5LB/IN . 4.1 Step Loading

Step Loading 가



4.6 Step Loading

Step Loading 4.7, 4.8, 4.9

4.10 Y

, X

. md1

(MD )

md2

가

, md3

가

. ma1, mt1

MA MT

ma2, mt2

, ma3, mt3

MA MT

4.8

4.10

, MA

MT

가

3

MT

(3-43)

MA

가

4.7

4.8

Step Loading

. Step Loading

MA

MT

가 MD

4.9

4.10

MA

MT

MD

MA

MT

가

4.1

Step Loading

가

, MA

MT

MA

MT

MA

MT

MT

가 MA



가

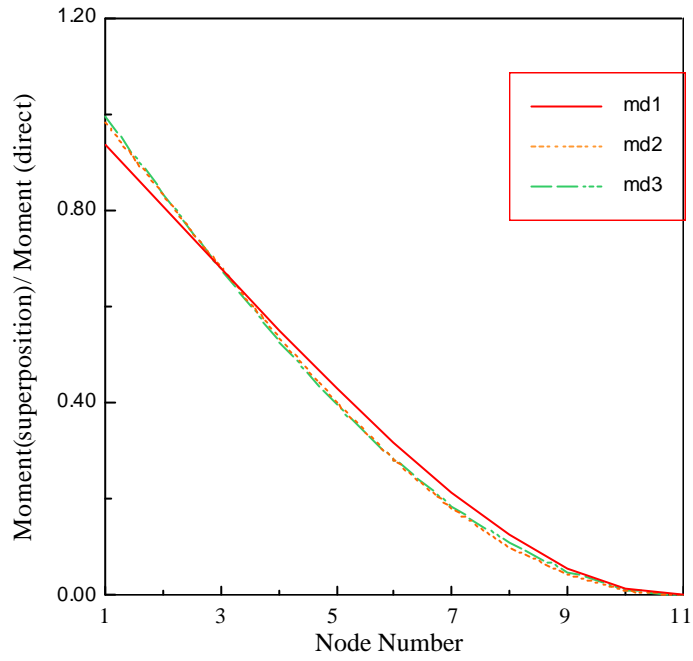
MA MT

Step Loading

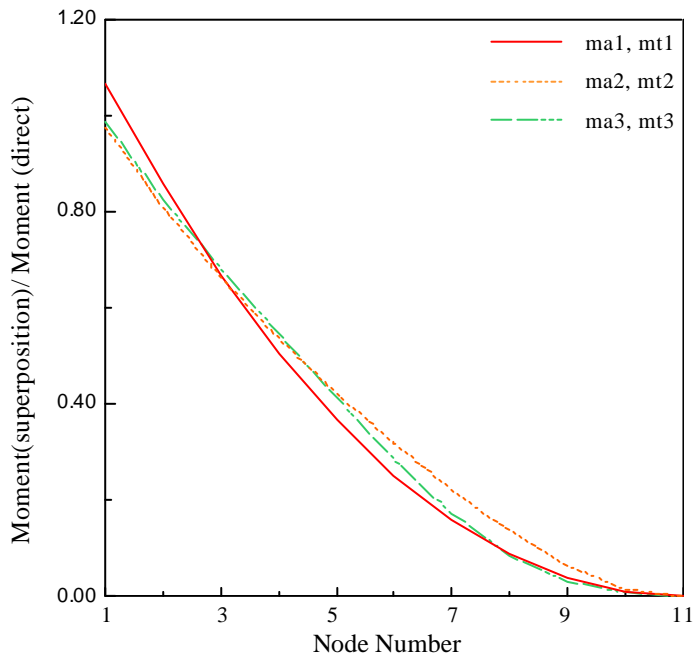
MA MT

가

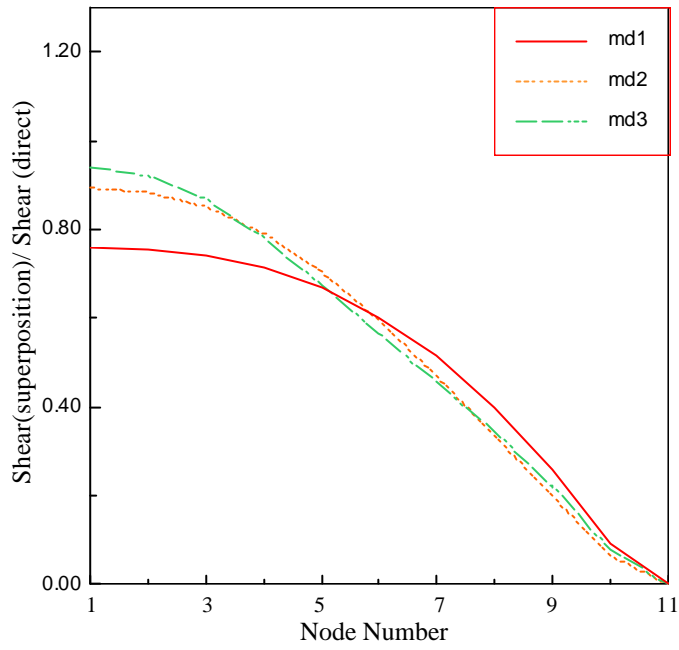
MD



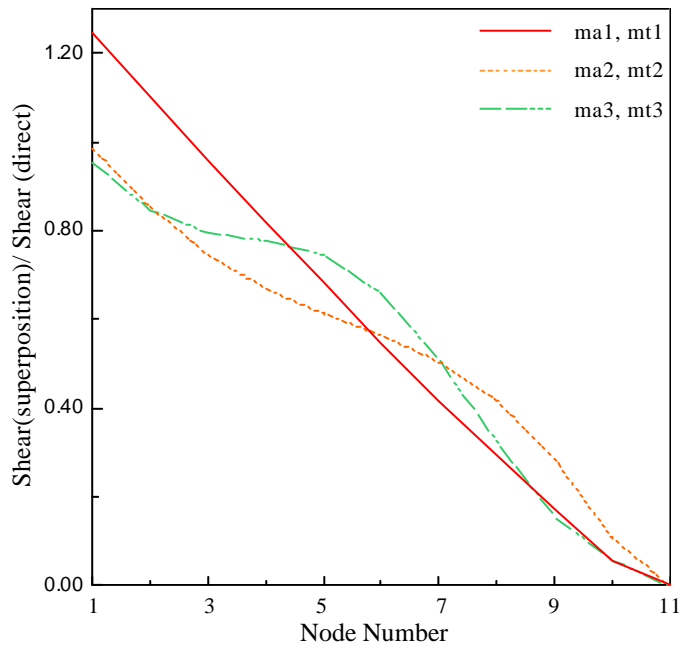
4.7 MD



4.8 MA MT



4.9 MD



4.10 MA MT

4.3 10 Shear Building

MT 4.11 4.11 10 Shear

Buiding 7 가

4.11 4.2

10 9  $k_1=800K/IN$

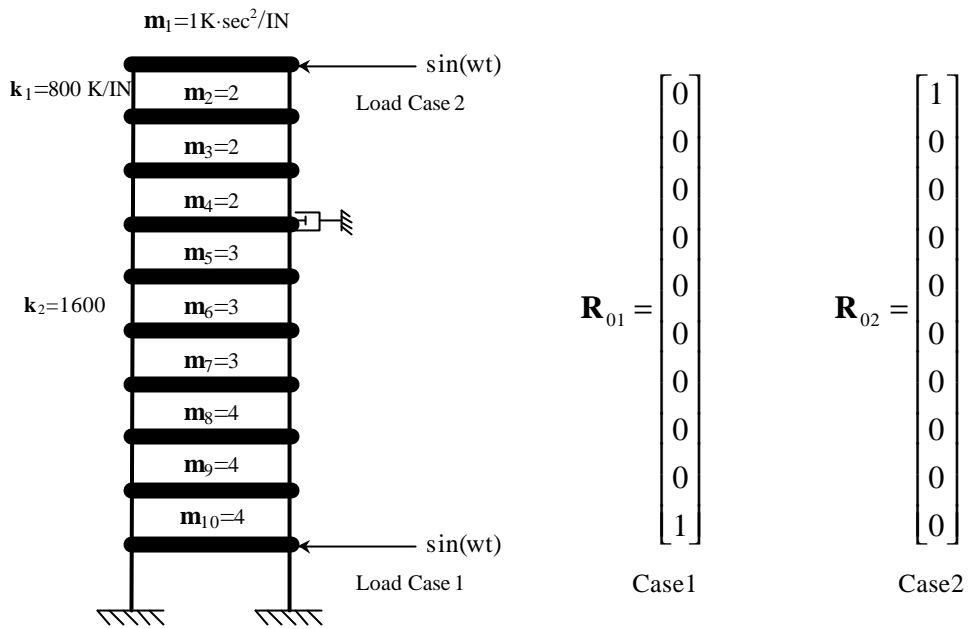
$k_2=1600K/IN$  Load Case1 Load Case2

$R_{01}$   $R_{02}$   $R_{01}$  1

가  $R_{02}$  10 가

Load Case1 (spatial portion)가  $R_{01}$  (time

varying portion)  $r(t) = \sin(32.0 t)$  가  $R_{01}$



$$R_{01} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ Case1}$$

$$R_{02} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ Case2}$$

4.11

4.2

Mode Number	Eigenvalues
1	- 0.0316 - 4.0100i
2	- 0.0316 + 4.0100i
3	- 0.0066 - 10.8381i
4	- 0.0066 + 10.8381i
5	- 0.0058 - 17.421i
6	- 0.0058 + 17.421i

(3-43) MT  $\mathbf{P}$   $\mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P}$   $\mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P} = -9.4710 \times 10^3$   
 Case1  $\mathbf{R}_{01}$  MT MA

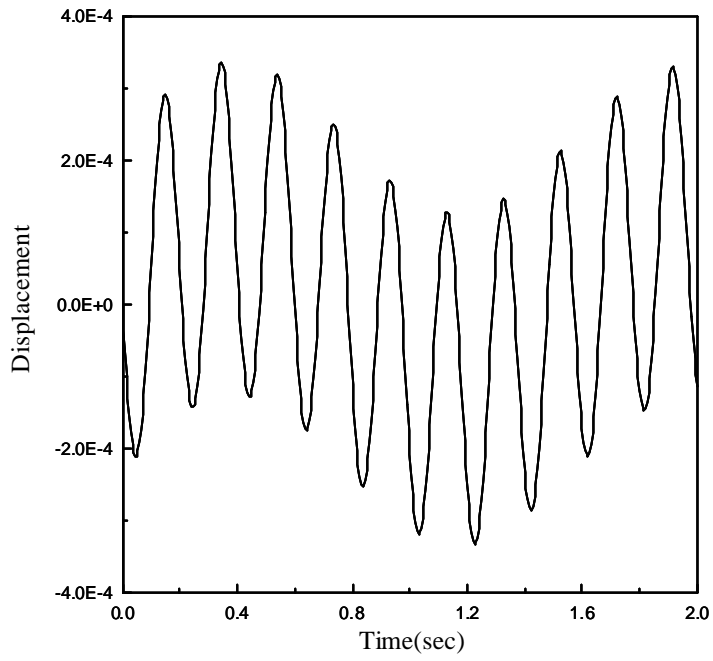
4.12 4.13 Load Case1  
 4.12 MT 4.13 MA  
 4.12 4.13 (3-43) ,  $\mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P} < 0$   
 MA MT 가

Load Case2 (spatial portion)가  $\mathbf{R}_{02}$  (time varying portion)  $r(t)$ 가  $\sin(32.0t)$  가  $\mathbf{R}_{02}$   
 MT  $\mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P}$   $\mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P} = 6.2443 \times 10^3$  (3-43)  
 Load Case2  $\mathbf{R}_{02}$  MT  
 (4.14) MA Load Case2  
 가 4.15  
 MT  
 MA MT  
 , MA MT  
 가 MT

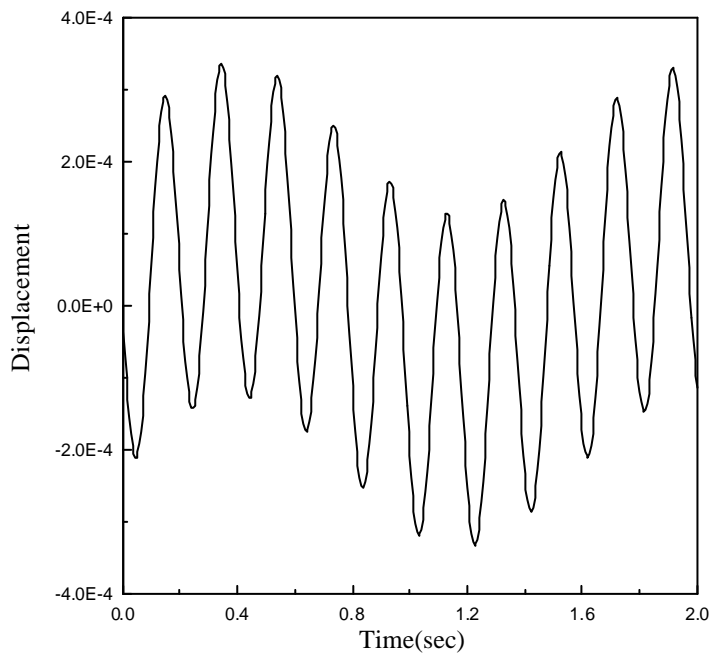
MA

MT

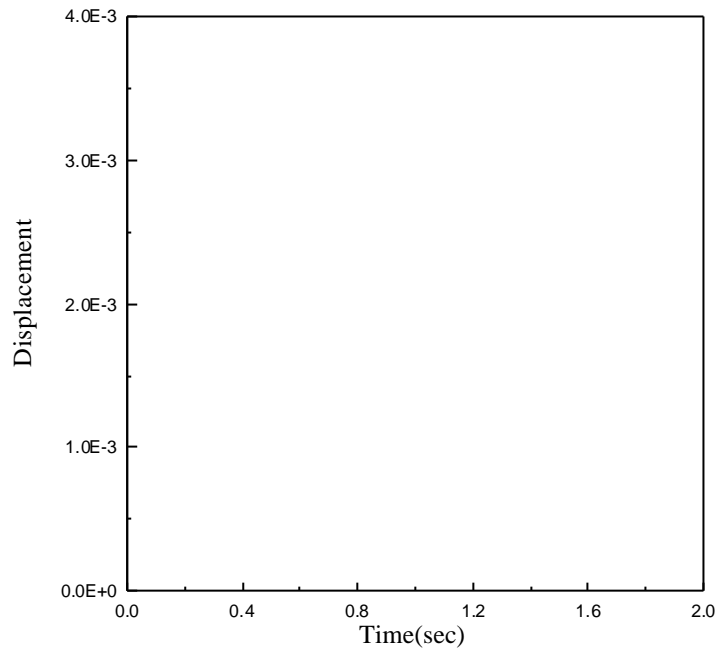
MA



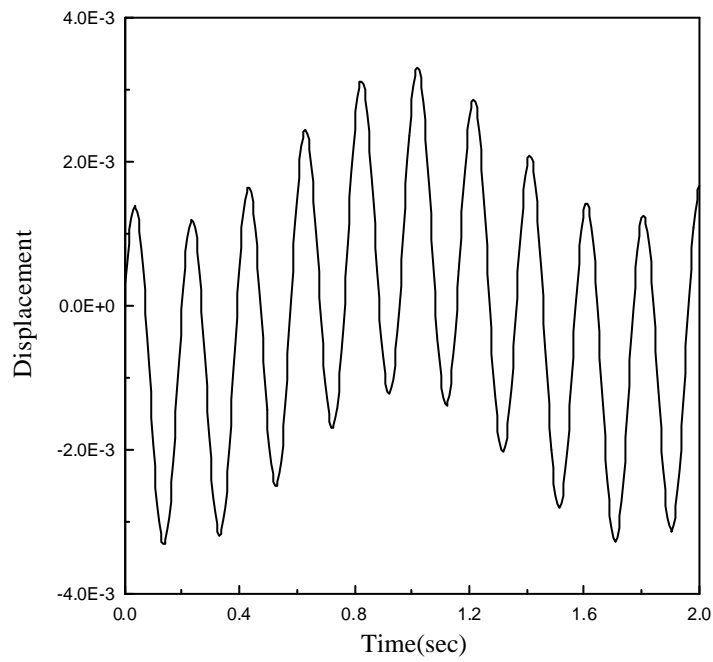
4.12 Load Case1 MT



4.13 Load Case1 MA



4.14 Load Case2 MT



4.15 Load Case2 MA



**5**

MA MT

1. MA MT

2. MA MT MA  
MT 가

3. MT MA

MA MT  
MA MT

MA MT  
MT

MA

- 
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