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**Natural Frequency and Mode Shape  
Sensitivity of Damped Systems**

# **Natural Frequency and Mode Shape Sensitivity of Damped Systems**

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## **ABSTRACT**

Efficient algebraic methods for calculating eigenpair derivatives of damped system are presented in this paper. The derivatives of eigenvalues and eigenvectors are calculated separately from two equations in Lee et al.'s method, but eigenpair derivatives are obtained from one equation newly developed in proposed method hence proposed method become more efficient.

Proposed method is very efficient in storage capacity and CPU time because the coefficient matrix of proposed equation is symmetric and based on *N-space*. And numerical stability is guaranteed because coefficient matrix of proposed equation is non-singular.

The more large structure, the more limits are present in approximating dynamic behavior of structure using only first sensitivity of eigenpair. Therefore second sensitivity of eigenpair became important and proposed method is so expanded as to obtain second derivatives of eigenvalues and eigenvectors.

Phenomenon that mass, damping and stiffness matrices of structure are asymmetric appears in the case of special structure, for example gyroscopic system. Eigenpair sensitivities of asymmetric system cannot be found with previous sensitivity method for symmetric system. In this paper, methods for calculating the first derivatives and second derivatives of eigenpair of asymmetric damped systems are presented, too.

Numerical stabilities of each proposed method are proved, and numerical examples for the symmetric and asymmetric systems are considered to compare CPU time of proposed method with previous method's. As a result, we can know that proposed methods are more efficient than any other previous method.

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# 1

## 1.1

가

가

(singularity)

30

가

Rudisill    Chu<sup>[1]</sup>가

· Nelson<sup>[2]</sup>

, Lee    Jung<sup>[3 4]</sup>    가

[5-7]

[8-9], iteration [10-12]

Zeng<sup>[13]</sup> 가

, Adhikari<sup>[14]</sup>가

Lee et al.<sup>[15-16]</sup> Lee Jung<sup>[3-4]</sup> ,

Zimoch<sup>[17]</sup> mechanical system 가

Lee et al. Zeng 가

가 가

가 ,

가 2

Adelman Haftka<sup>[18]</sup>, Friswell<sup>[19]</sup> 2

가 가

가 ,

Brandon<sup>[20]</sup> 가

1.2

30

가 .  
가 .

, 가

Lee et

al.<sup>[15]</sup>

2

,

, ,

가

가

1.3

Lee et al.<sup>[15]</sup>

2

, 가 2

## 2

## 2.1

$$(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_j = \mathbf{0} \quad (2-1)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{M} & , \mathbf{C} & , \mathbf{K} & \mathbf{M} \\ \text{(positive definite)} & \mathbf{C} & \mathbf{K} & \mathbf{M} \\ & \lambda_j & j & n \\ & & \mathbf{u}_j & j \\ & & & \text{(state space equation)} \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{A} \mathbf{z}_j = \lambda_j \mathbf{B} \mathbf{z}_j \quad (2-2)$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} -\mathbf{K} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{M} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{C} & \mathbf{M} \\ \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{z}_j = \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{u}_j \\ \lambda_j \mathbf{u}_j \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{z}_j^T \mathbf{B} \mathbf{z}_j = \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{u}_j \\ \lambda_j \mathbf{u}_j \end{Bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{C} & \mathbf{M} \\ \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{u}_j \\ \lambda_j \mathbf{u}_j \end{Bmatrix} = \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j = 1 \quad (2-3)$$

(2-1)

$$(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} = -(2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha} - (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (2-4)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (\bullet)_{,\alpha} & (\alpha) & \mathbf{u}_j^T \\ & \text{(scalar)} & \text{(transpose)} \end{array}$$

 $\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{C}, \mathbf{K}$  가

1

$$\left[ \mathbf{u}_j^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} \right]^T = \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_j = 0 \quad (2-5)$$

1

$$\lambda_{j,\alpha} = -\mathbf{u}_j^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (2-6)$$

(2-4)  $\lambda_{j,\alpha}$   $\mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}$

$(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K})$   $\lambda_j$ 가

(singular matrix) (2-4)  $\mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}$

가 가

## 2.2

2.2.1 Zimoch <sup>[17]</sup>

$$\partial\Lambda/\partial m_{ij} = \mathbf{diag}[-6\lambda_k^2 \mathbf{u}_{ik} \mathbf{u}_{jk}],$$

$$\partial\Lambda/\partial m_{ii} = \mathbf{diag}[-3\lambda_k^2 \mathbf{u}_{ik}^2],$$

$$(k = 1, 2, \dots, 2n)$$

$$\partial\Phi/\partial m_{ii} = \Phi[\lambda_l \mathbf{u}_{ik} \mathbf{u}_{il} (\lambda_l + 2\lambda_k) / (\lambda_k - \lambda_l)], \quad (l \neq k) \quad (2-7)$$

$$\partial\Phi/\partial m_{ii} = \Phi[\lambda_k \mathbf{u}_{ik}^2], \quad (l = k)$$

$$\partial\Phi/\partial m_{ij} = \Phi[(2\lambda_k \lambda_l + \lambda_l^2)(\mathbf{u}_{il} \mathbf{u}_{jk} + \mathbf{u}_{ik} \mathbf{u}_{jl}) / (\lambda_k - \lambda_l)], \quad (l \neq k)$$

$$\partial\Phi/\partial m_{ij} = \Phi[-2\lambda_k \mathbf{u}_{ik} \mathbf{u}_{jk}], \quad (l = k)$$

$$(l, k = 1, 2, \dots, 2n)$$

가

(discrete system)

가

(continuous system)

2.2.2 Zeng <sup>[13]</sup>

$$\lambda_{j,\alpha} = -\mathbf{u}_j^T (\lambda_j \mathbf{A}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{B}_{,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (2-8)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} = & - \left\{ (\mathbf{B} + \beta \mathbf{A})^{-1} \sum_{m=0}^{M_a-1} [-(\lambda_j - \beta) \mathbf{A} (\mathbf{B} + \beta \mathbf{A})^{-1}]^m \right. \\ & + \sum_{k=1, k \neq j}^N \left[ \left( \frac{\lambda_j - \beta}{\lambda_k - \beta} \right)^{M_a} \frac{(\mathbf{u}_k \mathbf{u}_k^T)}{\lambda_j - \lambda_k} + \left( \frac{\lambda_j - \beta}{\lambda_k^* - \beta} \right)^{M_a} \frac{(\mathbf{u}_k \mathbf{u}_k^T)^*}{\lambda_j - \lambda_k^*} \right] \\ & \left. + \left( \frac{\lambda_j - \beta}{\lambda_j^* - \beta} \right)^{M_a} \frac{(\phi_j \phi_j^T)^*}{\lambda_j - \lambda_j^*} \right\} (\lambda_j' \mathbf{A} + \lambda_j \mathbf{A}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{B}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j - (\mathbf{u}_j \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{A}_{,\alpha} \mathbf{u}_j) / 2 \end{aligned} \quad (2-9)$$

**A**, **B** (state space equation)

(modified mass matrix),

(modified stiffness matrix),  $(\bullet)^*$  (conjugate)

(shifted poles with  $\beta$ )  $M^a$  가

**A**, **B**

' $2N$ -space'

### 2.2.3 Nelson <sup>[2]</sup>

가

(particular solution) (homogeneous solution)

$$\lambda_{j,\alpha} = \mathbf{u}_j^T (\mathbf{K}_{,\alpha} - \lambda_j \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (2-10)$$

$$\mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} = v_{j\alpha} + c_{j\alpha} \mathbf{u}_j \quad (2-11)$$

$$c_{j\alpha} = -\mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} v_{j\alpha} - 0.5 \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} \mathbf{u}_j, \quad v_{j\alpha}$$

$$\mathbf{D}_j v_{j\alpha} = \mathbf{b}_{j\alpha} \quad (2-12)$$

$$\mathbf{D}_j = \begin{matrix} & j & & & k \\ \begin{matrix} k \\ 0 \end{matrix} & & 0 & & \\ & & & \mathbf{D}_j & \\ & & & (k,k) & 1 \\ & & & & \end{matrix} \mathbf{b}_{j\alpha} \quad (2-12)$$

$$\mathbf{D}_j = (\mathbf{K} - \lambda_j \mathbf{M}), \quad \mathbf{b}_{j\alpha} = \lambda_{j,\alpha} \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j - (\mathbf{K}_{,\alpha} - \lambda_j \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j$$

(2-2)

'2N-space'

#### 2.2.4 Lee et al.

[15]

Lee Jung<sup>[3]</sup>

가

$$\lambda_{j,\alpha} = -\mathbf{u}_j^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (2-13)$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K} & (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \\ \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} \\
& = \begin{Bmatrix} -\lambda_{j,\alpha} (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j - (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \\ -0.5 \mathbf{u}_j^T [2(\lambda_{j,\alpha} \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha}) + \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha}] \mathbf{u}_j \end{Bmatrix}
\end{aligned} \tag{2-14}$$

가

가 . 'N-space'

가

(nonsingularity)

### 2.2.5 Friswell <sup>[19]</sup>

2

Nelson<sup>[21]</sup> 2

. Nelson

가

2

$$\begin{aligned}
\lambda_{j,\alpha\beta} = & \mathbf{u}_j^T (\mathbf{K}_{,\alpha\beta} - \lambda_j \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha\beta} - \lambda_{j,\alpha} \mathbf{M}_{,\beta} - \lambda_{j,\beta} \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \\
& + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\mathbf{K}_{,\alpha} - \lambda_{j,\alpha} \mathbf{M} - \lambda_j \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\mathbf{K}_{,\beta} - \lambda_{j,\beta} \mathbf{M} - \lambda_j \mathbf{M}_{,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}
\end{aligned} \tag{2-15}$$

$$\mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha\beta} = \mathbf{v}_{j\alpha\beta} + \mathbf{c}_{j\alpha\beta} \mathbf{u}_j \tag{2-16}$$

$\mathbf{v}_{j\alpha\beta}$

$$\mathbf{D}_j \mathbf{v}_{j\alpha\beta} = \mathbf{b}_{j\alpha\beta} \quad (2-17)$$

$\mathbf{c}_{j\alpha\beta}$

$$\mathbf{c}_{j\alpha\beta} = -0.5 \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha\beta} \mathbf{u}_j - \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} - \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M}_{,\beta} \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} - \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} - \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{v}_{j\alpha\beta}. \quad (2-18)$$

$$\mathbf{b}_{j\alpha\beta} = -(\mathbf{K} - \lambda_j \mathbf{M})_{,\alpha\beta} \mathbf{u}_j - (\mathbf{K} - \lambda_j \mathbf{M})_{,\alpha} \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} - (\mathbf{K} - \lambda_j \mathbf{M})_{,\beta} \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} .$$

Nelson

(2N-space)

## 2.3

## 2.3.1

Lee et al.<sup>[15]</sup>

. Lee et al.

가

$$(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_j = \mathbf{0} \quad (2-19)$$

( $\alpha$ )

$$(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} + (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha} = -(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (2-20)$$

가

(normalization condition)

$$\mathbf{z}_j^T \mathbf{B} \mathbf{z}_j = \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{u}_j \\ \lambda_j \mathbf{u}_j \end{Bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{C} & \mathbf{M} \\ \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{u}_j \\ \lambda_j \mathbf{u}_j \end{Bmatrix} = \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j = 1 \quad (2-21)$$

( $\alpha$ )

$$\mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha} = -0.5 \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (2-22)$$

가

(2-20)

(2-22)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K} & (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \\ \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) & \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} \\ \lambda_{j,\alpha} \end{Bmatrix} \\
& = - \begin{Bmatrix} (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \\ 0.5 \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \end{Bmatrix}
\end{aligned} \tag{2-23}$$

. Lee et al. [15]

‘N-space’

2.3.3

2.3.2.2

2

2

(2-19)

(2-21)

2

( $\alpha, \beta$ )

(2-19)

( $\alpha, \beta$ )

( $\alpha$ )

(2-20)가

( $\beta$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha\beta} + (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha\beta} = - \left[ (\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} \right. \\
& \left. + (\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} + \left\{ \tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha\beta} + (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \lambda_{j,\beta} + (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\beta}) \lambda_{j,\alpha} \right\} \mathbf{u}_j \right] \tag{2-24}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{가} & (2-21) & (\alpha, \beta) \\ (\alpha) & (2-22) \text{가} & (\beta) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha\beta} + (\mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j) \lambda_{j,\alpha\beta} = -0.5 \left[ \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}^T (\mathbf{G}_j + \mathbf{G}_j^T) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} \right. \\ & + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} \lambda_{j,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\beta} \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta}^T + 2\mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}^T \lambda_{j,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} \\ & \left. + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha}^T + 2\mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\alpha} + 2\mathbf{M}^T \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} \right] \end{aligned} \quad (2-25)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\bullet)_{,\alpha} &= \frac{\partial(\bullet)}{\partial\alpha}, & (\bullet)_{,\alpha\beta} &= \frac{\partial^2(\bullet)}{\partial\alpha\partial\beta}, & \mathbf{F}_j &= [\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}] \\ \tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha} &= [\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}], & \tilde{\tilde{\mathbf{F}}}_{j,\alpha\beta} &= [\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha\beta} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha\beta} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha\beta}] \\ \mathbf{G}_j &= [2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}], & \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} &= [2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha}] \end{aligned} \quad \begin{array}{l} (2-24) \\ (2-25) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left[ \begin{array}{cc} \lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K} & (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \\ \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) & \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{array} \right] \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha\beta} \\ \lambda_{j,\alpha\beta} \end{array} \right\} \\ & = - \left\{ \begin{array}{c} [(\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} + (\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} + \\ \quad \{ \tilde{\tilde{\mathbf{F}}}_{j,\alpha\beta} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} \lambda_{j,\beta} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta} \lambda_{j,\alpha} \} \mathbf{u}_j + 2\lambda_{j,\alpha} \lambda_{j,\beta} \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j] \\ [\mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}^T \mathbf{G}_j \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} + 2\mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} \\ \quad + 0.5 \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} \lambda_{j,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\beta} \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j] \end{array} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (2-26)$$

2

. 1

1

(2-23)

1



$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{A}^\# & \quad \mathbf{Y}^T \quad \mathbf{Y} \\
\mathbf{Y}^T \mathbf{A}^\# \mathbf{Y} &= \begin{bmatrix} \Psi & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T \left[ \begin{array}{c|c} \lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K} & (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \\ \hline \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) & \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{array} \right] \begin{bmatrix} \Psi & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
&= \begin{bmatrix} \Psi^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \Psi & \Psi^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \\ \hline \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \Psi & \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{bmatrix} \quad (2-30)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\Psi^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \Psi & \mathbf{0} & \Psi \\
\mathbf{u}_j & & \Psi^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \Psi
\end{array}$$

$$\Psi^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \Psi = \begin{bmatrix} \tilde{\mathbf{A}} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (2-31)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\Psi^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \Psi & n \times n & \lambda_j \text{ 가} \\
n-1 & (\text{rank}) \text{ 가} & (n-1) \times (n-1)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\tilde{\mathbf{A}} & (\text{non-singular matrix}) \text{ 가} & \det(\tilde{\mathbf{A}}) \neq 0 \\
(2-30) & \Psi^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j & \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \Psi
\end{array}$$

$$\Psi^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j = \begin{Bmatrix} \tilde{\mathbf{b}} \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \Psi = \{ \tilde{\mathbf{b}}^T \quad 1 \} \quad (2-32)$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{b}} \quad (2-30) \quad \mathbf{Y}^T \mathbf{A}^\# \mathbf{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} \tilde{\mathbf{A}} & \mathbf{0} & \tilde{\mathbf{b}} \\ \hline \mathbf{0} & 0 & 1 \\ \tilde{\mathbf{b}}^T & 1 & \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{bmatrix} \quad (2-33)$$

determinant

determinant

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{C} & \mathbf{D} \end{pmatrix} = \det \mathbf{A} \times \det(\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C}\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{B}) \quad (2-34)$$

(2-33) determinant

$$\det(\mathbf{Y}^T \mathbf{A}^\# \mathbf{Y}) = \det \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{bmatrix} \det \left( \tilde{\mathbf{A}} - \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{0} & \tilde{\mathbf{b}} \\ 1 & \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{0} \\ \tilde{\mathbf{b}}^T \end{bmatrix} \right) \quad (2-35)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{0} & \tilde{\mathbf{b}} \\ 1 & \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{0} \\ \tilde{\mathbf{b}}^T \end{bmatrix} = 0, \quad \det \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{bmatrix} = -1$$

$$\det(\mathbf{Y}^T \mathbf{A}^\# \mathbf{Y}) = -\det(\tilde{\mathbf{A}}) \neq 0 \quad (2-36)$$

$$\det(\mathbf{A}^\#) \neq 0, \quad \mathbf{A}^\#$$



2.4.

가 (cantilever beam)

2

[15] 가 Nelson<sup>[2]</sup> Zeng<sup>[13]</sup> Lee et al. 가

Nelson<sup>[2]</sup>

Nelson<sup>[2]</sup>

'2N-space'

'N-space'

2

2

가

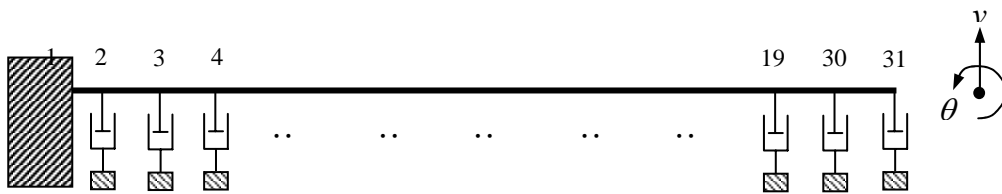
Nelson<sup>[2]</sup>

2

Friswell<sup>[19]</sup>

2.4.1 가

가 2.1  
 가  
 30 FEM 31 2  
 (  $v$ ,  $\theta$  ) 가  $\mathbf{C} = \alpha \mathbf{K} + \beta \mathbf{M}$   
 Rayleigh damping 가  
 (h) , (h)가  
 RAM 64Mega, CPU capacity 266Hz 가



**System Data**

Number of nodes : 31  
 Number of elements : 30  
 Number of DOF : 60  
 Design parameter : thickness of beam

**Material Properties**

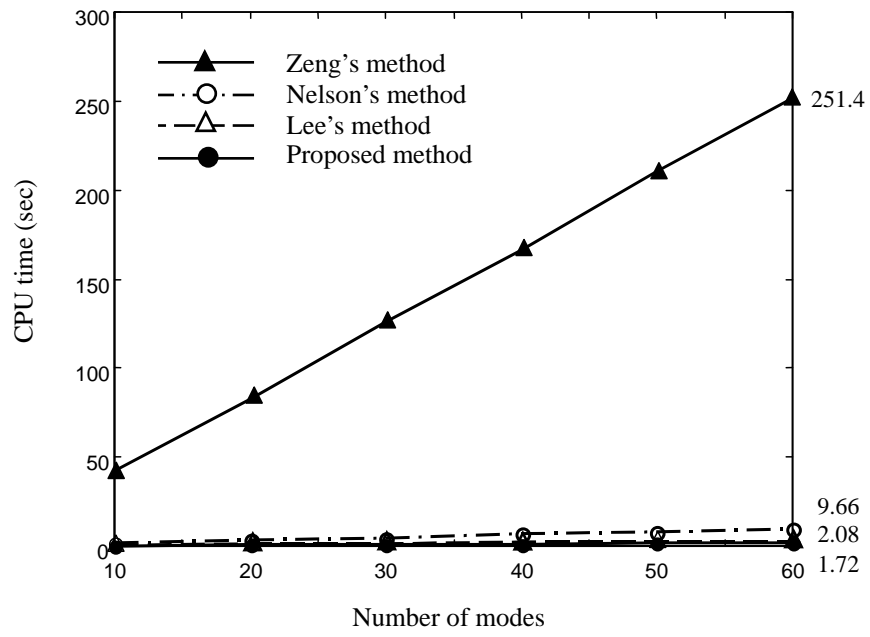
Young's Modulus  $E$  : 1000  
 Mass density  $\rho$  : 1  
 Tangential damper  $c$  : 0.3  
 Cross sectional area  $A$  : 1  
 Cross sectional inertia  $I$  : 1

2.1 가

Method	Configuration	CPU time (sec)	Percentage
Zeng <sup>[13]</sup>	2.1	251.4	17.3%
Nelson <sup>[2]</sup>	2.2	9.66	82%
Lee et al. <sup>[15]</sup>	2.2	2.08	-
Zeng <sup>[13]</sup>	2.2.b	1.72	-
Friswell <sup>[19]</sup>	2.3	14.17	-
Friswell	2	2.91	80%

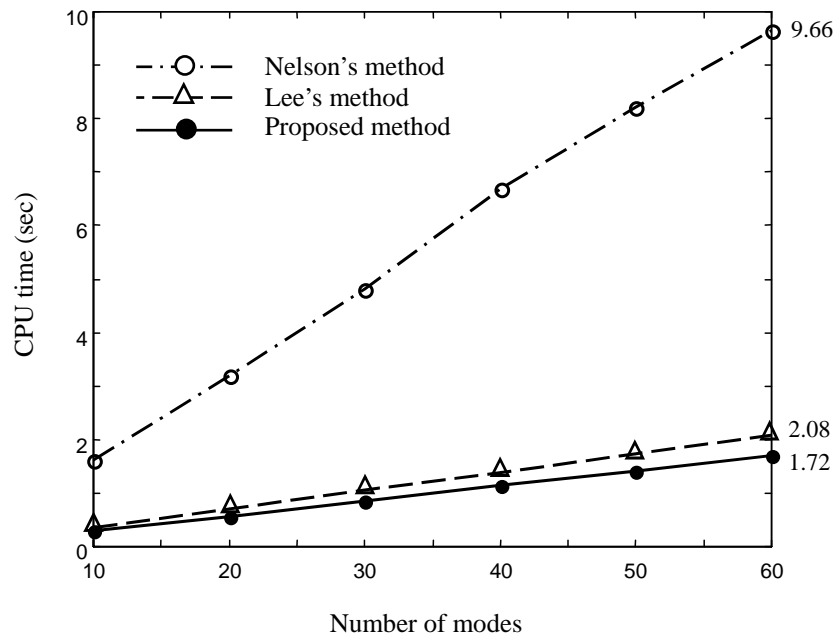
	2.1	1, 2	
Mode Number	Eigenvalues	First Derivatives	Second Derivatives
1	-2.3427e-03 -1.0868e+00i	6.6237e-04 -2.9972e-01i	-3.9638e-04 +1.1647e-02i
2	-2.3427e-03 +1.0868e+00i	6.6231e-04 +2.9972e-01i	-3.9635e-04 -1.1647e-02i
3	-1.4162e-02 -6.0514e+00i	4.5231e-03 -1.3173e+00i	-3.0123e-03 +2.7938e-01i
4	-1.4162e-02 +6.0514e+00i	4.5266e-03 +1.3173e+00i	-3.0138e-03 -2.7938e-01i
5	-3.1855e-02 -1.4703e+01i	8.2032e-03 -2.4536e+00i	-7.5447e-03 +8.4295e-01i
6	-3.1855e-02 +1.4703e+01i	8.2040e-03 +2.4536e+00i	-7.5429e-03 -8.4295e-01i
7	-5.8513e-02 -2.4733e+01i	1.0219e-02 -3.1193e+00i	-1.2168e-02 +1.4016e+00i
8	-5.8513e-02 +2.4733e+01i	1.0245e-02 +3.1193e+00i	-1.2185e-02 -1.4016e+00i
9	-9.5243e-02 -3.5359e+01i	1.0631e-02 -3.4198e+00i	-1.5130e-02 +1.8168e+00i
10	-9.5243e-02 +3.5359e+01i	1.0656e-02 +3.4198e+00i	-1.5161e-02 -1.8168e+00i

	2.2	1, 2	
DOF Number	Eigenvector	First Derivative	Second Derivative
1	-5.6474e-04 -5.6364e-04i	1.7040e-04 +1.6942e-04i	-9.6908e-05 -9.5764e-05i
2	-3.3629e-03 -3.3565e-03i	1.0142e-03 +1.0085e-03i	-5.7681e-04 -5.7018e-04i
3	-2.2249e-03 -2.2208e-03i	6.7061e-04 +6.6697e-04i	-3.8145e-04 -3.7721e-04i
4	-6.5726e-03 -6.5612e-03i	1.9789e-03 +1.9688e-03i	-1.1259e-03 -1.1141e-03i
5	-4.9294e-03 -4.9209e-03i	1.4842e-03 +1.4766e-03i	-8.4445e-04 -8.3556e-04i
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
57	-2.8334e-01 -2.8342e-01i	8.3339e-02 +8.3414e-02i	-4.7665e-02 -4.7756e-02i
58	-4.1107e-02 -4.1162e-02i	1.1937e-02 +1.1988e-02i	-6.8476e-03 -6.9073e-03i
59	-2.9705e-01 -2.9714e-01i	8.7318e-02 +8.7410e-02i	-4.9948e-02 -5.0059e-02i
60	-4.1111e-02 -4.1167e-02i	1.1937e-02 +1.1988e-02i	-6.8475e-03 -6.9079e-03i



2.2.a

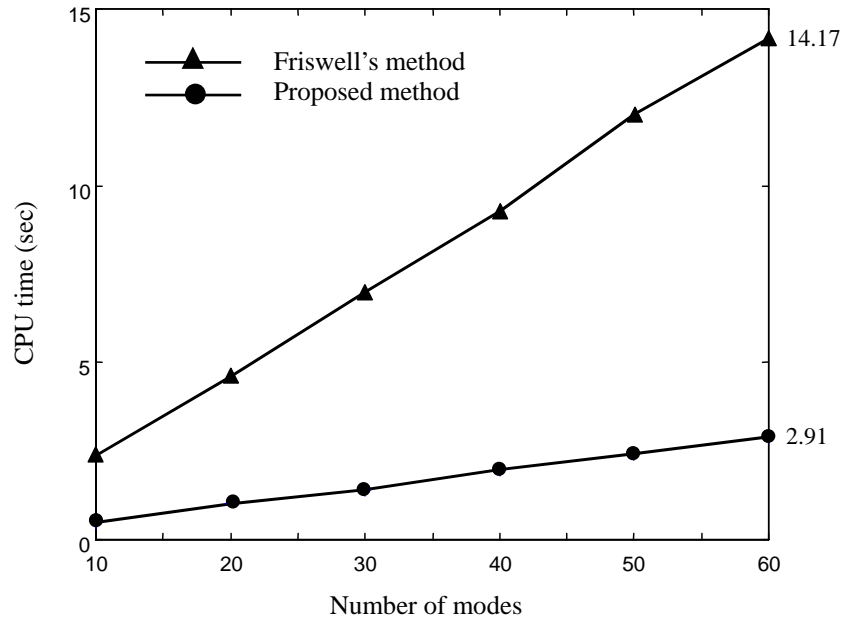
CPU time



2.2.b

CPU time (Zeng's method

)



2.3. CPU time (2 )



## 3

## 3.1

(symmetric) .  
(asymmetric) 가 ,

$$(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_j = \mathbf{0} \quad (3-1)$$

$\mathbf{M}$  ,  $\mathbf{C}$  ,  $\mathbf{K}$  (asymmetric)  
 $\mathbf{M}^T \neq \mathbf{M}$  ,  $\mathbf{C}^T \neq \mathbf{C}$  ,  $\mathbf{K}^T \neq \mathbf{K}$  .  
 (3-1)

$$(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} = -(2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha} - (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (3-2)$$

$\mathbf{u}_j^T$  .  $\lambda_{j,\alpha}$  (scalar)가 (transpose)  
 $\mathbf{M}$  ,  $\mathbf{C}$  ,  $\mathbf{K}$  가

$$[\mathbf{u}_j^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}]^T = \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}^T + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}^T + \mathbf{K}^T) \mathbf{u}_j \neq 0 \quad (3-3)$$

$\lambda_{j,\alpha}$  ,  $\mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}$

가  
 가

## 3.2

### 3.2.1 Brandon <sup>[18]</sup>

가 Brandon<sup>[18]</sup>

$$\lambda_{j,\alpha} = \frac{-\mathbf{v}_j^T (\mathbf{A}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{B}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j}{\mathbf{v}_j^T \mathbf{B} \mathbf{u}_j} \quad (3-4)$$

$$\mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} = \sum_{i=1, i \neq j}^n a_{ij} \mathbf{u}_i \quad (3-5)$$

$$a_{ij} = \frac{-\mathbf{v}_i^T (\mathbf{A}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{B}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j}{(\lambda_j - \lambda_i) \mathbf{v}_i^T \mathbf{B} \mathbf{u}_i}, \quad \mathbf{v}_j^T \mathbf{u}_j = 0$$

$$(\mathbf{A} + \lambda_j \mathbf{B}) \mathbf{u}_j = 0, \quad (3-6)$$

$$\mathbf{v}_j^T (\mathbf{A} + \lambda_j \mathbf{B}) = 0. \quad (3-7)$$

(2N-space)

### 3.2.2 Brandon (2) <sup>[18]</sup>

Brandon

2

. 1

$$\lambda_{j,\alpha} = -2 \frac{\lambda_{j,\alpha} \mathbf{v}_j^T \mathbf{B}_{,\alpha} \mathbf{u}_j + \mathbf{v}_j^T (\mathbf{A}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{B}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}}{\mathbf{v}_j^T \mathbf{B} \mathbf{u}_j} \quad (3-8)$$

$$\mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} = \sum_{i=1, i \neq j}^n b_{ij} \mathbf{u}_i \quad (3-9)$$

$$b_{ij} = -2 \frac{\lambda_{j,\alpha} \mathbf{v}_i^T \mathbf{B}_{,\alpha} \mathbf{u}_j + \mathbf{v}_i^T (\mathbf{A}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{B}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_{j,\alpha} \mathbf{B}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}}{(\lambda_j - \lambda_i) \mathbf{v}_i^T \mathbf{B} \mathbf{u}_i}$$

가

### 3.3

#### 3.3.1

2

Lee et al.<sup>[15]</sup>

가

(2-20)

$$(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} + (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha} = -(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (3-10)$$

가

(2-21)

 $\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{C}, \mathbf{K}$ 

가

(2-21)

$$\mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + 2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}^T + \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{C}^T) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} + 2\mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha} = -\mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (3-11)$$

(3-10) (3-11)

$$\begin{aligned} & \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K} & (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \\ \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + 2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}^T + \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{C}^T) & 2\mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} \\ \lambda_{j,\alpha} \end{Bmatrix} \\ & = - \begin{Bmatrix} (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \\ \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \end{Bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (3-12)$$

## 3.3.2.2

가

2

가

$$(\alpha) \quad (3-10)$$

$$(\beta) \quad (2-24)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha\beta} + (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha\beta} = - \left[ (\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} \right. \\ & \left. + (\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} + \left\{ \tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha\beta} + (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \lambda_{j,\beta} + (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\beta}) \lambda_{j,\alpha} \right\} \mathbf{u}_j \right] \end{aligned} \quad (3-13)$$

가 가

$$(\alpha) \quad (3-11) \quad (\beta)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + 2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}^T + \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{C}^T) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha\beta} + (2\mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j) \lambda_{j,\alpha\beta} = - \left[ \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}^T (\mathbf{G}_j + \mathbf{G}_j^T) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} \right. \\ & \left. + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} \lambda_{j,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\beta} \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta}^T + 2\mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}^T \lambda_{j,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} \right. \\ & \left. + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha}^T + 2\mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\alpha} + 2\mathbf{M}^T \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} \right] \end{aligned} \quad (3-14)$$

$$(3-13) \quad (3-14)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left[ \begin{array}{cc} \lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K} & (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \\ \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + 2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}^T + \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{C}^T) & 2\mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{array} \right] \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha\beta} \\ \lambda_{j,\alpha\beta} \end{array} \right\} \\ & = - \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \left[ (\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} + (\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} + \right. \\ \left. \left\{ \tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha\beta} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} \lambda_{j,\beta} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta} \lambda_{j,\alpha} \right\} \mathbf{u}_j + 2\lambda_{j,\alpha} \lambda_{j,\beta} \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \right] \\ \left[ \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}^T (\mathbf{G}_j + \mathbf{G}_j^T) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta}^T + 2\mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}^T \lambda_{j,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} \right. \\ \left. + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha}^T + 2\mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\alpha} + 2\mathbf{M}^T \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} \lambda_{j,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\beta} \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \right] \end{array} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (3-15)$$



$$(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_j = \mathbf{0}, \quad \mathbf{v}_j^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) = \mathbf{0} \quad (3-19)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \varphi_k & \psi_k & \mathbf{v}_j \quad \mathbf{u}_j \\ \mathbf{A}^* & & \mathbf{X}^T \quad \mathbf{Y} \end{array} \quad .$$

$$\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{A}^* \mathbf{Y} = \begin{bmatrix} \Gamma & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K} & (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \\ \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + 2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}^T + \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{C}^T) & 2\mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \Psi & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (3-20)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \Gamma^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \Psi & \Gamma^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \\ \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + 2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}^T + \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{C}^T) \Psi & 2\mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Gamma^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \Psi & & \mathbf{0} \\ \Psi & & \Gamma \end{array} \quad \mathbf{v}_j \quad \mathbf{u}_j \quad .$$

$$\Gamma^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \Psi = \begin{bmatrix} \tilde{\mathbf{B}} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (3-21)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \lambda_j & & \text{(distinct eigenvalue)} \\ (n-1) \times (n-1) & \text{가} & \tilde{\mathbf{B}} \quad \det(\tilde{\mathbf{B}}) \neq 0 \\ (3-12) & \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + 2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}^T + \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{C}^T) \Psi & \end{array} \quad .$$

2 가 ,

$$\mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + 2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}^T + \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{C}^T) \Psi = \{ \tilde{\mathbf{d}}^T \quad 2 \} \quad (3-22)$$

$$\Gamma^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad .$$

$$\Gamma (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j = \begin{Bmatrix} \tilde{\mathbf{c}} \\ c \end{Bmatrix} \quad (3-23)$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{d}} \quad \tilde{\mathbf{c}} \quad c = \mathbf{v}_j^T \mathbf{G}_j \mathbf{u}_j \quad . \quad (3-20)$$

$$\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{A}^* \mathbf{Y} = \left[ \begin{array}{c|cc} \tilde{\mathbf{B}} & \mathbf{0} & \tilde{\mathbf{c}} \\ \hline \mathbf{0} & 0 & c \\ \tilde{\mathbf{d}}^T & 2 & 2\mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{array} \right] \quad (3-24)$$

determinant

(3-24) determinant

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{A}^* \mathbf{Y}) &= \det(\tilde{\mathbf{B}}) \times \det \left( \begin{bmatrix} 0 & c \\ 2 & 2\mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{0} \\ \tilde{\mathbf{d}}^T \end{bmatrix} [\tilde{\mathbf{B}}]^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \tilde{\mathbf{c}} \end{bmatrix} \right) \\ &= -2b \det(\tilde{\mathbf{A}}) \neq 0 \end{aligned} \quad (3-25)$$

$\det(\mathbf{A}^*) \neq 0$ ,  $\mathbf{A}^*$

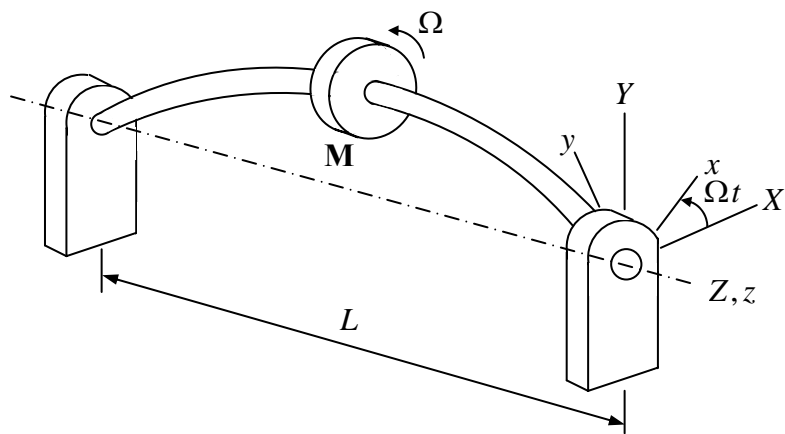


3.4.

. ,  
.  
2 .  
가  
.  
.  
*'2N-space'*  
.  
*'N-space'*  
.  
Brandon<sup>[20]</sup> 가  
2 .

3.4.1 <sup>[21]</sup> (The whirling beam)

가  
 가  
 가  
 가 , 가



3.1 (L) 가 (gyroscopic system)

$$\mathbf{M}\ddot{\mathbf{u}}(t) + (\mathbf{C} + \mathbf{G})\dot{\mathbf{u}}(t) + (\mathbf{K} + \mathbf{H})\mathbf{u}(t) = \mathbf{F}(t) \quad (3-26)$$

$\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{C}, \mathbf{K}, \mathbf{F}$  가 , , ,

**G, H**가

gyroscopic matrix, circulatory matrix

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{M} &= \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{M}_{11} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{M}_{22} \end{bmatrix}, & \mathbf{C} &= \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{C}_{11} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{C}_{22} \end{bmatrix}, & \mathbf{G} &= \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{G}_{12} \\ -\mathbf{G}_{12} & \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix}, \\ \mathbf{K} &= \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K}_{11} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{K}_{22} \end{bmatrix}, & \mathbf{H} &= \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{H}_{12} \\ -\mathbf{H}_{12} & \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix}, \end{aligned} \quad (3-27)$$

$$[\mathbf{M}_{11}]_{ij} = [\mathbf{M}_{22}]_{ij} = m_0 L \delta_{ij} + 2\mathbf{M} \sin(i\pi/2) \sin(j\pi/2),$$

$$[\mathbf{G}_{12}]_{ij} = -2\Omega [\mathbf{M}_{11}]_{ij},$$

$$[\mathbf{C}_{11}]_{ij} = [\mathbf{C}_{22}]_{ij} = (c+h)L\delta_{ij},$$

$$\begin{aligned} [\mathbf{K}_{11}]_{ij} &= 2(\mathbf{K}_1 + \mathbf{K}_2 \cos(i\pi) \cos(j\pi))(i\pi/L)(j\pi/L) \\ &\quad + \mathbf{EI}_x (i\pi/L)^2 (j\pi/L)^2 L \delta_{ij} - \Omega^2 [\mathbf{M}_{11}]_{ij}, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [\mathbf{K}_{22}]_{ij} &= 2(\mathbf{K}_1 + \mathbf{K}_2 \cos(i\pi) \cos(j\pi))(i\pi/L)(j\pi/L) \\ &\quad + \mathbf{EI}_y (i\pi/L)^2 (j\pi/L)^2 L \delta_{ij} - \Omega^2 [\mathbf{M}_{22}]_{ij}, \end{aligned}$$

$$[\mathbf{H}_{12}]_{ij} = -h\Omega L \delta_{ij}, \quad i, j = 1, 2, \dots, p. \quad (2p = n)$$

$$\begin{aligned} m_0 &= 1 \text{ kg/m}, \quad \mathbf{M} = 1 \text{ kg}, \quad L = 1 \text{ m}, \quad \mathbf{K}_1 = \mathbf{K}_2 = L^2/20 \text{ Nm}, \quad c = h = 1/4 \text{ Nsm}^{-1}, \\ \mathbf{EI}_x &= 4 L^3/5\pi^2 \text{ Nm}^2, \quad \mathbf{EI}_y = 9 L^3/5\pi^2 \text{ Nm}^2, \quad \Omega = \sqrt{21.6\pi} \text{ rad s}^{-1}, \end{aligned}$$

20 가  
capacity 266Hz 가

RAM 64Mega, CPU

3.2 . 3.1 3.1 , 3.2

Brandon<sup>[20]</sup> 2 Brandon<sup>[20]</sup>

3.2 3.3 . 3.2 1

, 3.3 2

3.1

3.2~3.3 Brandon

. 20

Brandon 4.06 CPU time , 1.37

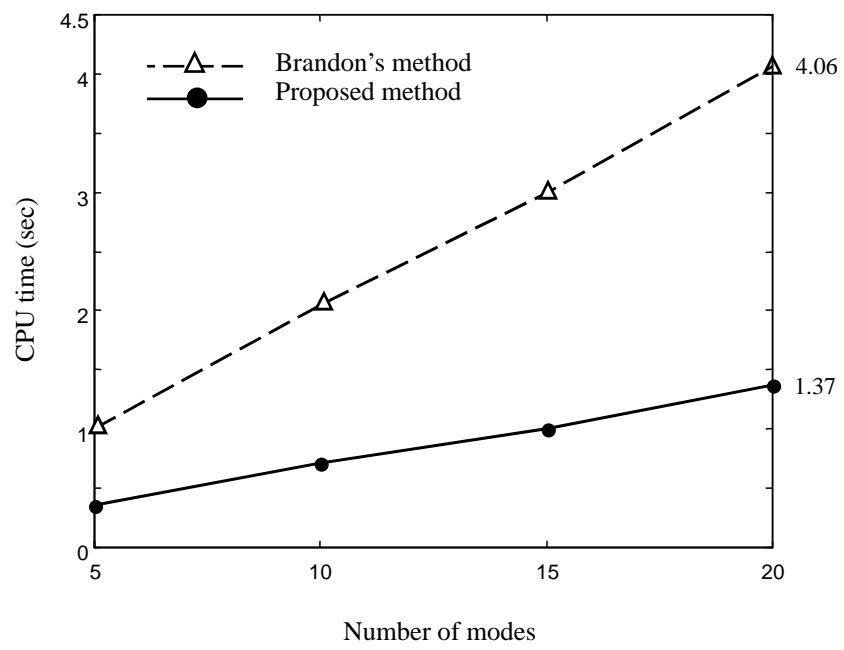
. 2 Brandon 5.66 , 1.76 . 1

Brandon 66 % 2

69%

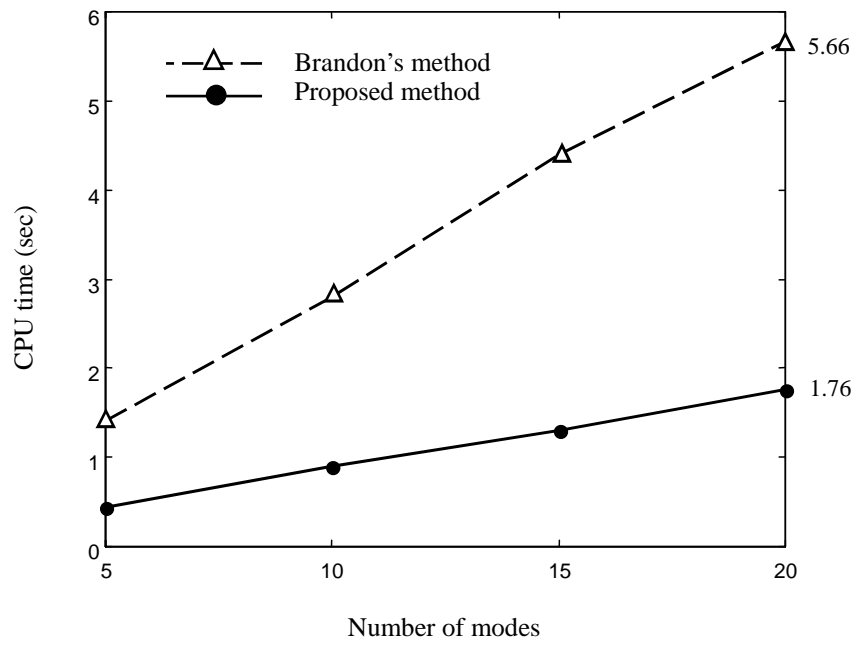
	3.1	1, 2	
Mode Number	Eigenvalues	First Derivatives	Second Derivatives
1	-1.1356e+00 -1.1408e+01i	-3.0082e-09 +2.1311e-10i	2.1467e+07 +8.5867e+07i
2	-1.1356e+00 +1.1408e+01i	8.8348e-09 -6.0626e-09i	-2.6885e+07 -3.8440e+07i
3	1.1126e+00 -1.3261e+01i	-1.1967e-02 -8.4261e-03i	5.4992e+12 -1.3533e+13i
4	1.1126e+00 +1.3261e+01i	-5.5286e-02 -1.2195e-01i	-1.1823e+14 -8.6019e+13i
5	-2.7342e-04 -1.4600e+01i	2.5504e-01 +2.1754e-01i	-4.6795e+14 -3.3751e+14i
6	-2.7204e-04 +1.4601e+01i	-1.7576e-01 -1.1484e-01i	-5.5494e+13 -2.2026e+15i
7	2.7342e-04 -1.4601e+01i	4.9825e-11 -3.0310e-10i	1.0686e+10 -2.3221e+10i
8	2.7203e-04 +1.4601e+01i	1.8721e-12 -2.8702e-12i	-6.6278e+09 +8.6565e+09i
9	-1.0641e+01 -1.0838e+01i	1.4353e-07 +5.2867e-08i	-1.3271e+07 -1.0548e+08i
10	-1.0641e+01 +1.0838e+01i	1.6002e-07 -2.5249e-07i	4.1335e+08 -3.2507e+08i

	3.2	1, 2	
DOF Number	Eigenvector	First Derivative	Second Derivative
1	-1.1492e-04 -6.6953e-05i	-1.9913e-07 +1.5279e-05i	-1.6999e-01 +5.9919e-02i
2	1.8527e-04 +1.6207e-04i	1.7145e-06 -2.2992e-05i	3.2893e-01 -5.2418e-02i
3	3.9180e-04 +2.1666e-04i	3.9476e-05 -4.6514e-05i	4.9679e-01 -1.0855e-01i
4	3.9067e-02 +3.2630e-02i	3.9253e-03 -6.0064e-03i	6.2569e+01 -1.6712e+01i
5	-3.5695e-04 -2.4295e-04i	-4.0335e-05 +4.1658e-05i	-4.9644e-01 +6.3090e-02i
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
17	-2.4687e-06 +1.0521e-05i	3.6401e-07 -3.2894e-07i	1.6519e-02 +5.9837e-03i
18	-1.2820e-05 +1.1512e-06i	1.0737e-07 +2.2836e-06i	-1.3264e-02 +1.5145e-02i
19	7.6513e-06 -3.6451e-06i	-2.9985e-07 -1.5134e-06i	4.4274e-03 -1.3227e-02i
20	9.9973e-07 +1.6952e-06i	1.4645e-07 +2.0957e-07i	1.5433e-03 +3.4188e-03i



3.2.

CPU time



3.3. CPU time (2 )



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Lee et al.<sup>[15]</sup> 가 가 .

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(adjacent eigenvector) . 가 ( )  
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$$\mathbf{X}_m = \mathbf{\Phi}_m \mathbf{T} \quad (\text{a-1})$$

$\mathbf{T}$

$$\mathbf{DT} = \mathbf{ET}\Lambda_{m,\alpha} \quad (\text{a-2})$$

$$\mathbf{D} = -\mathbf{\Phi}_m^T (\lambda_m^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_m \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{\Phi}_m, \quad \mathbf{E} = -\mathbf{\Phi}_m^T (2\lambda_m \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{\Phi}_m = -\mathbf{I}_m,$$

$$\Lambda_{m,\alpha} = \frac{\partial \Lambda_m}{\partial \alpha}, \quad \Lambda_m = \lambda_m \mathbf{I}_m.$$

$\lambda_m$  가  $\mathbf{\Phi}_m$   $\lambda_m$  .  
가 , 2

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$$\begin{aligned} & \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_m^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_m \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K} & (2\lambda_m \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{X}_m \\ \mathbf{X}_m^T (2\lambda_m \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) & \mathbf{X}_m^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{X}_m \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{X}_{m,\alpha} \\ \Lambda_{m,\alpha} \end{Bmatrix} \\ & = - \begin{Bmatrix} (\lambda_m^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_m \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{X}_m \\ 0.5 \mathbf{X}_m^T (2\lambda_m \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{X}_m \end{Bmatrix}, \end{aligned} \quad (\text{a-3})$$

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$$\begin{aligned} & \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_m^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_m \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K} & (2\lambda_m \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{X}_m \\ \mathbf{X}_m^T (2\lambda_m \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) & \mathbf{X}_m^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{X}_m \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{X}_{m,\alpha\beta} \\ \Lambda_{m,\alpha\beta} \end{Bmatrix} \\ & = - \begin{Bmatrix} \left[ (\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{m,\beta} + \mathbf{G}_{m'} \Lambda_{m,\beta}) \mathbf{X}_{m,\alpha} + (\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{m,\alpha} + \mathbf{G}_{m'} \Lambda_{m,\alpha}) \mathbf{X}_{m,\beta} + \right. \\ \quad \left. \{ \tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{m,\alpha\beta} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{m,\alpha} \Lambda_{m,\beta} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{m,\beta} \Lambda_{m,\alpha} \} \mathbf{X}_m + 2\Lambda_{m,\alpha} \Lambda_{m,\beta} \mathbf{M} \mathbf{X}_m \right] \\ \left[ \mathbf{X}_{m,\alpha}^T \mathbf{G}_m \mathbf{X}_{m,\beta} + \mathbf{X}_m^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{m,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M} \Lambda_{m,\beta}) \mathbf{X}_{m,\alpha} + \mathbf{X}_m^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{m,\alpha} + 2\mathbf{M} \Lambda_{m,\alpha}) \mathbf{X}_{m,\beta} \right. \\ \quad \left. + 0.5 \mathbf{X}_m^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{m,\alpha\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} \Lambda_{m,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\beta} \Lambda_{m,\alpha}) \mathbf{X}_m \right] \end{Bmatrix}, \end{aligned} \quad (\text{a-4})$$

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$$\begin{aligned} & \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_m^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_m \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K} & (2\lambda_m \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{X}_m \\ \mathbf{X}_m^T (2\lambda_m \mathbf{M} + 2\lambda_m \mathbf{M}^T + \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{C}^T) & 2\mathbf{X}_m^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{X}_m \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{X}_{m,\alpha} \\ \Lambda_{m,\alpha} \end{Bmatrix} \\ & = - \begin{Bmatrix} (\lambda_m^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_m \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{X}_m \\ \mathbf{X}_m^T (2\lambda_m \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{X}_m \end{Bmatrix}, \end{aligned} \quad (\text{a-5})$$



**B. Nelson**

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$$(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_j = \mathbf{0} \quad (\text{b-1})$$

$$\mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j = 1 \quad (\text{b-2})$$

$$(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} = -(2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha} - (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (\text{b-3})$$

$\mathbf{u}_j^T$

$$\lambda_{j,\alpha} = -\mathbf{u}_j^T (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (\text{b-4})$$

(particular

solution)

(homogeneous solution)

$$\mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} = v_{j\alpha} + c_{j\alpha} \mathbf{u}_j \quad (\text{b-5})$$

$v_{j\alpha}$

$$\mathbf{D}_j v_{j\alpha} = \mathbf{b}_{j\alpha} \quad (\text{b-6})$$

$$\mathbf{D}_j \quad (\text{b-3}) \quad \mathbf{D}_j = (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}), \quad \mathbf{b}_{j\alpha} \quad (\text{b-3})$$

$$\mathbf{b}_{j\alpha} = -(2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha} - (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{K}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j.$$

$$\begin{array}{c} (\text{b-6}) \\ \text{가} \\ (k,k) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} v_{j\alpha} \\ k \\ 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \mathbf{b}_{j\alpha} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ k \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \mathbf{D}_j \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ k \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \mathbf{D}_j \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ (\text{b-6}) \end{array} \quad \cdot$$

$$\begin{array}{c} v_{j\alpha} \\ \cdot \\ (\text{b-2}) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc} [\mathbf{D}_j]_{11} & \mathbf{0} & [\mathbf{D}_j]_{13} \\ \mathbf{0} & 1 & \mathbf{0} \\ [\mathbf{D}_j]_{31} & \mathbf{0} & [\mathbf{D}_j]_{33} \end{array} \right] v_{j\alpha} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \{\mathbf{b}_{j\alpha}\}_1 \\ \mathbf{0} \\ \{\mathbf{b}_{j\alpha}\}_3 \end{array} \right\} \quad (\text{b-7}) \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} = -\mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha} - 0.5 \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j \quad (\text{b-8})$$

$$(\text{b-5}) \quad (\text{b-8}) \quad c_{j\alpha} \quad \cdot$$

$$c_{j\alpha} = -0.5 \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} + \mathbf{C}_{,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j - \mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) v_{j\alpha} - \mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha} \quad (\text{b-9})$$

$$(\text{b-4}) \quad (\text{b-5})$$

$$(\text{b-5}) \quad v_{j\alpha} \quad c_{j\alpha} \quad (\text{b-7}) \quad (\text{b-9}) \quad \cdot$$



$$\begin{aligned}
(\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha\beta} = & - (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha\beta} - [(\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} \\
& + (\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} + \left\{ \tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha\beta} + (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \lambda_{j,\beta} + (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\beta}) \lambda_{j,\alpha} \right\} \mathbf{u}_j] \quad (\text{b-10}) \\
& \mathbf{u}_j^T \qquad \qquad \qquad 2 \qquad \qquad \qquad .
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\lambda_{j,\alpha\beta} = & -\mathbf{u}_j^T \left[ (\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} + (\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} \right. \\
& \left. + \left\{ \tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha\beta} + (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \lambda_{j,\beta} + (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\beta}) \lambda_{j,\alpha} \right\} \mathbf{u}_j \right] \quad (\text{b-11})
\end{aligned}$$

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$$\mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha\beta} = v_{j\alpha\beta} + c_{j\alpha\beta} \mathbf{u}_j \quad (\text{b-12})$$

 $v_{j\alpha\beta}$ 

$$\mathbf{D}_j v_{j\alpha\beta} = \mathbf{b}_{j\alpha\beta} \quad (\text{b-13})$$

$$\mathbf{D}_j = (\lambda_j^2 \mathbf{M} + \lambda_j \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{K}) \quad ,$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{b}_{j\alpha\beta} = & - (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha\beta} - [(\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} + (\tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{G}_j \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} \\
& + \left\{ \tilde{\mathbf{F}}_{j,\alpha\beta} + (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} + \mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \lambda_{j,\beta} + (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta} + \mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\beta}) \lambda_{j,\alpha} \right\} \mathbf{u}_j] \quad .
\end{aligned}$$

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(b-13)

 $v_{j\alpha\beta}$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} [\mathbf{D}_j]_{11} & \mathbf{0} & [\mathbf{D}_j]_{13} \\ \mathbf{0} & 1 & \mathbf{0} \\ [\mathbf{D}_j]_{31} & \mathbf{0} & [\mathbf{D}_j]_{33} \end{bmatrix} v_{j\alpha\beta} = \begin{Bmatrix} \{\mathbf{b}_{j\alpha\beta}\}_1 \\ \mathbf{0} \\ \{\mathbf{b}_{j\alpha\beta}\}_3 \end{Bmatrix} \quad (\text{b-14})$$

2

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha\beta} &= -(\mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j) \lambda_{j,\alpha\beta} - 0.5 \left[ \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}^T (\mathbf{G}_j + \mathbf{G}_j^T) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} \right. \\
&+ \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} \lambda_{j,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\beta} \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta}^T + 2\mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}^T \lambda_{j,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} \\
&\left. + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha}^T + 2\mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\alpha} + 2\mathbf{M}^T \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} \right]
\end{aligned}
\tag{b-15}$$

$$(b-12) \quad (b-15) \quad c_{j\alpha\beta}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
c_{j\alpha\beta} &= -\mathbf{u}_j^T (2\lambda_j \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{C}) \mathbf{v}_{j\alpha\beta} - (\mathbf{u}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{u}_j) \lambda_{j,\alpha\beta} - 0.5 \left[ \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha}^T (\mathbf{G}_j + \mathbf{G}_j^T) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} \right. \\
&+ \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\alpha} \lambda_{j,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}_{,\beta} \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_j + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\beta}^T + 2\mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\beta} + 2\mathbf{M}^T \lambda_{j,\beta}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\alpha} \\
&\left. + \mathbf{u}_j^T (\tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha} + \tilde{\mathbf{G}}_{j,\alpha}^T + 2\mathbf{M} \lambda_{j,\alpha} + 2\mathbf{M}^T \lambda_{j,\alpha}) \mathbf{u}_{j,\beta} \right]
\end{aligned}
\tag{b-16}$$

$$(b-11) \quad 2 \quad (b-12) \quad 2$$

$$(b-12) \quad v_{j\alpha\beta} \quad c_{j\alpha\beta} \quad (b-14) \quad (b-16)$$

Nelson

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1995.3 – 1999.2 ( B. S.)  
1999.3 – 2001.2 ( M. S.)

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